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### UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION,

Plaintiff-Applicant,

v.

BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES LLC,

Defendant.

In re:

BERNARD L. MADOFF,

Debtor.

Hearing Date: March 29, 2017 Hearing Time: 10:00 AM (EST)

Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (SMB)

SIPA Liquidation

(Substantively Consolidated)

REPLY MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF TRUSTEE'S MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF LAW TO AFFIRM HIS DETERMINATIONS DENYING CLAIMS OF CLAIMANTS HOLDING INTERESTS IN JUDY L. KAUFMAN ET AL. TENANCY IN COMMON AND KEITH SCHAFFER, JEFFREY SCHAFFER, CARLA R. HIRSCHHORN TENANCY IN COMMON

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	<u>Page</u>
PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	1
ARGUMENT	3
CONCLUSION	9

# 08-01789-smb Doc 15424 Filed 03/24/17 Entered 03/24/17 16:04:07 Main Document Pg 3 of 12 TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Page(s)
Cases
In re Adler, Coleman Clearing Corp., 204 B.R. 99 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1997)
Kruse v. Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp., 708 F.3d 422 (2d Cir. 2013)
Melton v. Picard (In re Bernard L. Madoff Sec., LLC), 15 Civ. 1151 (PAE), 2016 WL 183492*1 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 14, 2016)
Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Morgan, Kennedy & Co., 533 F.2d 1314 (2d Cir. 1976)
Statutes
11 U.S.C. § 548(a)
15 U.S.C. § 78aaa et seq
15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(b)
15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3)
15 U.S.C. § 78 <i>lll</i> (2)
Other Authorities
17 C.F.R. § 300.105
17 C.F.R. § 300.105(a)
17 C.F.R. § 300.105(b)
17 C F R

Irving H. Picard, as trustee ("Trustee") for the substantively consolidated liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("BLMIS") under the Securities Investor Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aaa *et seq.* ("SIPA"), and the chapter 7 estate of Bernard L. Madoff ("Madoff"), respectfully submits this Reply Memorandum of Law (the "Reply") In Support of his Motion and Memorandum to Affirm His Determinations Denying Claims of Claimants Holding Interests in Judy L. Kaufman *et al.* Tenancy In Common and Keith Schaffer, Jeffrey Schaffer, Carla R. Hirschhorn Tenancy In Common (the "Motion"), ECF No.14844, and in response to the identical objections filed by Daniel C. Epstein, attached hereto as Exhibit A, and Rebecca and Robert Epstein on behalf of the Robert & Rebecca Epstein Living Trust (the "Epstein Living Trust," together with Daniel C. Epstein, the "Epstein Objecting Claimants"), ECF No. 15330, arguing that the Epstein Objecting Claimants are customers of BLMIS (the "Objections"). This Reply is based upon the law set forth below as well as the facts set forth in the Declarations of Stephanie Ackerman ("Ackerman Declaration") and Vineet Sehgal ("Sehgal Declaration") filed in support of the Motion.

#### **PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

The Epstein Objecting Claimants did not have an account in their name at BLMIS.

Instead the Epstein Living Trust and Daniel C. Epstein contributed as two of several tenants in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For convenience, subsequent references to sections of the Securities Investor Protection Act shall be denoted simply as "SIPA § \_\_."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Trustee's Motion as filed on January 13, 2017 was titled "Trustee's Motion and Memorandum of Law to Affirm His Determinations Denying Claims of Claimants Holding Interests in Judy L. Kaufman *et al.* Tenancy In Common, Richard B. Felder and Deborah Felder Tenancy In Common, and Keith Schaffer, Jeffrey Schaffer, Carla R. Hirschhorn Tenancy In Common. On February 21, 2017, pursuant to the Trustee's Notice of Adjournment, the Trustee and the Objecting Claimants claiming interest in the Richard B. Felder and Deborah Felder Tenancy In Common agreed to an extended briefing schedule of the Felder Objecting Claimants' objection with a hearing scheduled before this Court on April 26, 2017. ECF No. 15058.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Daniel C. Epstein's objection was received by counsel for the Trustee on March 23, 2017 via first class mail and does not appear on the court's docket. As such, it is attached hereto as Exhibit A for the Court's convenience.

common to BLMIS account number 1CM100 (the "Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account") held in the name of Judy L. Kaufman *et al.* Tenancy In Common (the "Kaufman Tenancy In Common"). Pursuant to SIPC's Series 100 Rules, *Kruse v. Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. (In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC)*, 708 F.3d 422 (2d Cir. 2013), *Sec. Inv'r Prot. Corp. v. Morgan, Kennedy & Co.*, 533 F.2d 1314 (2d Cir. 1976) ("*Morgan Kennedy*"), their progeny, and consistent with the numerous prior decisions of this Court, <sup>4</sup> the Epstein Objecting Claimants are not entitled to separate customer status under SIPA based upon their interests as tenants in common.

Under SIPC Rule 105, an account held by a tenancy in common will be treated as a single customer held by some or all of the cotenants, depending on their rights to act on behalf of the account. Here, the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account would be treated as a single customer because it is a qualifying joint account as to three of the co-tenants—Judy L. Kaufman, Lisa D. Kava and Neal S. Kaufman—each of whom were authorized to act on behalf of the account as a whole. The Epstein Objecting Claimants, although co-tenants of the Kaufman Tenancy In Common, were without the authority to act on behalf of the account. Thus, under

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Order Approving Trustee's Motion To Affirm His Determinations Denying Claims of Claimants Holding Interests In: S&P or P&S Associates, General Partnerships, ECF No. 9450 (Mar. 10, 2015); Peerstate Equity Fund, L.P., ECF No. 9883 (Apr. 27, 2015); The Lazarus-Schy Family Partnership, The Schy Family Partnership, Or The Lazarus Investment Group, ECF No. 10010 (May 18, 2015); Epic Ventures, LLC, ECF No. 10267 (June 25, 2015); Partners Investment Co., Northeast Investment Club, And Martin R. Harnick & Steven P. Norton, Partners, ECF No. 10894 (July 29, 2015); The Whitman Partnership, The Lucky Company, The Petito Investment Group, And The Harwood Family Partnership, ECF No. 11145 (Aug. 26, 2015); 1973 Masters Vacation Fund, Bull Market Fund, And Strattham Partners, ECF No. 11920 (Oct. 29, 2015); Black River Associates LP, MOT Family Investors, LP, Rothschild Family Partnership, and Ostrin Family Partnership, ECF No. 12757 (Mar. 3, 2016); The Article Third Trust, Palmer Family Trust, Maggie Faustin, Estate of Theodore Schwartz, and Miller Trust Partnership, ECF No. 13172 (Apr. 26, 2016); William M. Pressman, Inc., William Pressman, Inc. Rollover Account, and AGL Life Assurance Company, ECF No. 13466 (June 7, 2016); Palko Associates, Gloria Jaffe Investment Partnership, and the Miller Partnership, ECF No. 13780 (July 22, 2016); Chalek Associates LLC, Chaitman/Schwebel LLC, FGLS Equity LLC, Larsco Investments LLC, and Kuntzman Family LLC, ECF No. 14225 (Oct. 4, 2016); AHT Partners, Pergament Equities, LLC, SMT Investors LLC, Greene/Lederman, L.L.C., And Turbo Investors, LLC, ECF No. 14346 (Oct. 27, 2016); M&H Investment Group L.P., PJFN Investors Limited Partnership, Kenn Jordan Associates and Harmony Partners, Ltd., ECF No. 14537 (Dec. 1, 2016); and Sienna Partnership, L.P., Katz Group Limited Partnership, and Fairfield Pagma Associates, L.P., ECF No. 14774 (Dec. 22, 2016).

SIPC Rule 105, the Kaufman Tenancy In Common is the customer under SIPA, not the Epstein Objecting Claimants. Furthermore, the Epstein Objecting Claimants also fail to qualify for customer status under the governing Second Circuit case, *Morgan Kennedy*.

Although the Epstein Objecting Claimants contributed to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account through checks made payable to BLMIS, those checks (i) were mailed to Judy and Stephen Kaufman who then forwarded them to BLMIS; and (ii) clearly indicate that they were intended to be credited to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account, a fact the Epstein Objecting Claimants do not deny. Likewise, the Epstein Objecting Claimants' responses to the Trustee's requests for discovery show that they do not satisfy any of the remaining *Morgan Kennedy* indicia of customer status. While the Epstein Objecting Claimants may have claims against their cotenants, such claims do not give rise to customer status within the meaning of SIPA.

#### **ARGUMENT**

The Epstein Objecting Claimants' Objections and claims to customer status are based primarily on the fact that they contributed to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common through checks made payable to BLMIS. As a result, the Epstein Objecting Claimants mistakenly conclude that they have "provided clear evidence" of their investment in BLMIS. Objections at 1. This singular fact, however, does not afford them customer status because: (i) the Kaufman Tenancy In Common, as a "qualifying joint account" under SIPC Rule 105, is the BLMIS customer, not the Epstein Objecting Claimants; and, (ii) the Epstein Objecting Claimants' admissions and discovery responses reveal that they did not have relationships with BLMIS that could give rise to customer status separate from the requirements of SIPC Rule 105.

In *Morgan Kennedy*, the Second Circuit relied upon SIPC Rule 105 when considering the customer status of a joint account in the context of profit-sharing trustees. "Rule 105 . . .

provides that where co-owners of a qualifying joint account also hold other accounts in different capacities, the joint account will be treated as belonging to a 'separate customer'; ... and the co-owners will be required to divide the single award in proportion to their ownership interests in the account." 533 F.2d at 1320. Specifically, an account held by a tenancy in common will be treated as held by a *single customer* under SIPC Rule 105. 17 C.F.R. §§ 300.105(a), (b). The court further clarified that "under SIPA, separate coverage for accounts held in different capacities is not to be confused with individual coverage for each individual owning some portion of, or interest in, the particular account." *Id.* Relying on *Morgan Kennedy* and the SIPC Rules, the court held that "[j]oint account holders constitute a single 'customer' under SIPA" and the "joint account holders *share any payments on the account of a valid customer claim in proportion to their ownership interests in the account." <i>In re Adler, Coleman Clearing Corp.*, 204 B.R. 99, 106 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1997) (emphasis added).

The Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account is a qualifying joint account under SIPC Rule 105(d) because Judy L. Kaufman, Lisa D. Kava and Neal S. Kaufman had authority to act on behalf of the entire account, while certain other tenants in common, such as the Epstein Objecting Claimants, did not have any such authority. Sehgal Decl. Ex. 4, AMF00243763, AMF00243767. As a qualifying joint account, the Kaufman Tenancy In Common is a "separate customer" of BLMIS pursuant to SIPC Rule 105(b) and SIPA 78*lll*(2). *Adler*, 204 B.R. at 105. Thus, while "the joint account holders [for the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account] constitute a single 'customer' under SIPA [78lll(2)]," *id.* at 105-6, the Epstein Objecting

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> An account held by a tenancy in common will be considered a qualifying joint account under SIPC Rule 105(a) if all cotenants "possess[] authority to act" on behalf of the entire account, or under SIPC Rule 105(d) if only certain cotenants, or a single cotenant, possess such authority. 17 C.F.R. §§ 300.105(a),(d). If any cotenant of the tenancy in common lacks the authority to act on behalf of the entire account, the result is that the tenancy in common will be considered either an individual account or a "qualifying joint account of the co-owner or co-owners" who do "have[] the exclusive power to act." 17 C.F.R. § 300.105(d).

Claimants are only tenants in common, not individual separate customers under SIPA and the SIPC Rules. *See id.*; *Morgan Kennedy*, 533 F.2d at 1320.

Likewise, the Epstein Objecting Claimants do not meet the requirements for separate customer status as outlined in *Morgan Kennedy*, 533 F.2d at 1318, and reaffirmed in *Kruse*, 708 F.3d at 427. In *Morgan Kennedy*, the Second Circuit rejected the argument that the beneficial owners of the account holder were the "customers" under SIPA, citing the facts that: (1) title to the trust assets was held by the account holder, not the beneficiaries; (2) the securities account with the debtor was in the name of the account holder, not the beneficiaries; (3) the account holder had the exclusive power to entrust the assets to the debtor; (4) the beneficiaries were unknown to the broker; and (5) the beneficiaries had no legal capacity in which they could deal with the debtor. 533 F.2d at 1318.

The Epstein Living Trust provided documentation in the form of four cancelled checks for four deposits into the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account between December 2003 and January 2007, all made payable to BLMIS. *See* Ackerman Decl. Ex. 5, MCMDP\_00006631, 33, 35, 37.6 Likewise, Daniel C. Epstein produced one cancelled check made payable to BLMIS for a single deposit in July 2008. *See* Ackerman Decl. Ex. 8, MCMDP\_00010529. It is clear from the face of these checks that they were for deposit into the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account because the memorandum line has a reference to "1CM100," the Kaufman Tenancy In Common BLMIS account number. *Id.* In addition, the checks were not submitted directly to BLMIS by the Epstein Objecting Claimants but were, instead, sent to Judy and Stephen Kaufman who then forwarded them to BLMIS for investment in the Kaufman Tenancy In Common

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The checks are made payable to "Bernard L. Madoff Investment Company" (MCMDP\_00006631), "Madoff Investments" (MCMDP\_00006633), "Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities" (MCMDP\_00006635, 7).

Account, confirming that the Epstein Objecting Claimants' relationship was with the Kaufmans and not BLMIS. Ackerman Decl. Ex. 5, MCMDR\_00000339, Ex. 6, MCMDR\_00000416; *see also* Sehgal Decl. Ex. 5, MWPTAP00536241-2, 247, 250 (examples of "1099-DIV" forms for interest earned identifying the Payer as "Judy L. Kaufman" and the Payee as "Robert & Rebecca Epstein, Robert and Rebecca Epstein Living Trust").

Consideration of the remaining factors relied upon in *Morgan Kennedy* and by courts in these proceedings to determine customer status demonstrates that the Epstein Objecting Claimants are not customers as that term is defined by SIPA. The Epstein Objecting Claimants provided discovery responses to the Trustee indicating that they were not customers of BLMIS. Specifically, they admitted that the Epstein Living Trust (i) did not have a BLMIS account in their name; (ii) they never received correspondence, investment statements or tax statements in their names from BLMIS; (iii) never deposited securities or made a payment of cash directly to BLMIS for deposit into an account in their names; (iv) never withdrew funds directly from BLMIS; (v) never entered into any contracts in their names with BLMIS; and (vi) neither had any control, investment discretion, or decision-making power over any investment assets at BLMIS. *See* Ackerman Decl. Ex. 5, MCMDR\_00000336-8 at ¶1-6, 8-12; Ackerman Decl. Ex. 6, MCMDR\_00000413-5 at ¶1-6, 8-12. Thus, discovery reveals that the Epstein Objecting Claimants had no direct financial relationship with BLMIS and had no control over or direct dealings with BLMIS with respect to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account.

In the Objections, the Epstein Objecting Claimants argue, for the first time in this proceeding, to have submitted a "written request" to BLMIS in 2003 seeking a statement of account in their names, but assert that BLMIS "ignored" the request and continued to issue

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This is also supported by the Epstein Objecting Claimants' admission that "no funds [were] received." Ackerman Decl. Ex. 5, MCMDR\_00000337; Ex. 6, MCMDR\_00000414.

statements in which the "principal's accounts were aggregated." Objection at 1. The Epstein Objecting Claimants have provided no such letter as part of their customer claims, objections to the Trustee's determination of their claims, or in discovery. In fact, the Epstein Objecting Claimants' responses to the Trustee's discovery requests are in direct contradiction to this assertion. As discussed above, the Epstein Objecting Claimants admitted that they had no contact with BLMIS and that all conversations regarding their contribution to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account were with Judy or Stephen Kaufman only. *See* Ackerman Decl. Ex. 5, MCMDR\_00000339 at ¶ 2; Ackerman Decl. Ex. 6, MCMDR\_00000416 at ¶ 2. Similarly, a review of the BLMIS books and records related to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account has yielded no correspondence from the Epstein Objecting Claimants or the Kaufmans seeking statements in the individual cotenants' names. *See generally* Sehgal Decl. Ex. 4.

In further support of their claim to customer status, the Epstein Objecting Claimants argue that the Trustee is obligated to apply the same standard to its determination of the Epstein Objecting Claimants' customer status under SIPA §§ 78fff-2(b) and 78*lll*(2) as was applied to identify them as defendants in the Trustee's adversary proceeding pursuant to SIPA § 78fff-2(c)(3) and 11 U.S.C. § 548(a). There is no legal basis for such an argument because, although SIPA §§ 78fff-2(b), (c)(3) and 11 U.S.C. § 548(a) are related in that they both seek the return of

8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The Epstein Objecting Claimants also reference a letter of October 31, 2016 in the Objections, which is attached only to Daniel C. Epstein's objection. Ex. A at 2. This letter was addressed to the Madoff Victim Fund and raises arguments that are substantively identical to those set forth in the Epstein Objecting Claimants' objections.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The books and records of BLMIS contain only one letter from 2003 relating to the Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account. That letter merely added additional tenants in common to the existing Kaufman Tenancy In Common Account. Sehgal Decl. Ex. 4, AMF00243767. The letter, which was sent to BLMIS by Judy L. Kaufman, did not request a change to the account owner; it remained the Judy L. Kaufman Tenancy In Common. *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> In *Picard v. Freda Epstein et al*, Adv. No. 10-04527 (SMB), the Trustee had sought to recover fraudulent transfers from the Epstein Living Trust and Daniel C. Epstein as initial transferees. Rebecca and Robert Epstein were named as subsequent transferees. On July 22, 2015, the Epstein Living Trust, Daniel C. Epstein, Robert Epstein, and Rebecca Epstein were dismissed from the adversary proceeding based on their representations to the Trustee that they "received no transfers from the BLMIS Account [1CM100]." ECF No. 47.

customer property to customers, they operate differently and serve separate and distinct purposes. See Melton v. Picard (In re Bernard L. Madoff Sec., LLC), 15 Civ. 1151 (PAE), 2016 WL 183492\*1, \*12 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 14, 2016)( "Although net equity calculations and avoidance actions are related at a general level—in the context of an insolvent broker-dealer, each aims to facilitate the return of customer property to customers—they are governed by separate statutes situated within different titles of the United States Code, and they operate in distinct ways."). Thus, the Epstein Objecting Claimants' argument fails.

Accordingly, the Epstein Objecting Claimants' arguments do not overcome the standard set forth in SIPC Rule 105, *Morgan Kennedy, Kruse*, and their progeny. The fact that certain checks were made payable to BLMIS for convenience does not alter the fact that BLMIS account 1CM100 was held in the name of the Kaufman Tenancy In Common and as such, the Kaufman Tenancy In Common is the single customer of BLMIS. Courts have repeatedly held that customer status under SIPA must be narrowly interpreted. *See In re Bernard L. Madoff Inv. Sec. LLC*, 708 F.3d 422, 426 (2d Cir. 2013). The Epstein Objecting Claimants have failed to meet the burden to establish they are entitled to customer status and the Motion should be granted.

#### **CONCLUSION**

For all of the foregoing reasons, the Trustee respectfully requests that the Court affirm the Trustee's determinations denying the Objecting Claimants' five claims, overrule the Objecting Claimants' four objections, disallow their claims, and grant such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: New York, New York March 24, 2017 Respectfully submitted,

/s/ David J. Sheehan

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### **EXHIBIT A**

# OBJECTION TO TRUSTEE'S MOTION TO AFFIRM HIS DETERMINATIONS DENYING CLAIMS OF CLAIMANTS HOLDING INTERESTS IN JUDY L. KAUFMAN ET. AL., TENANCY IN COMMON

I hereby object to the denial of my claim for compensation for investment principal lost in my Madoff-related investment. As my enclosed letter of October 31, 2016 states, I believe that I have provided clear evidence that my investment in the Madoff fund was made and that my losses were incurred. Therefore, my claim is valid and I should be provided the same SIPC protection and compensation as other investors.

Even though Mr. Picard's office could have attempted to recover funds from me, they dismissed me from that action on the basis that I invested but never withdrew any funds. This decision suggests that Mr. Picard's office had sufficient documentation of my investment that indicated that I never withdrew funds. However, I did not have access to this documentation and they ignored my request to provide it to me or explain the basis for their decision.

I was unable to provide the recently requested statement of an account in my name only because the Madoff fund in 2003 ignored Judy L.Kaufman Et. Al.'s written request for such a statement. Instead, Madoff continued to issue statemens in which principals' accounts were aggregated. Since this practice was an integral part of Madoff's fraudulent activity, the request for the statement was without merit.

As evidenced by the above, my claim is being unfairly denied due to contradictory conclusions. On the one hand, I am considered beyond a doubt to have invested in a Madoff fund and had legal actions taken against me dimissed. On the other hand, I have been denied a claim on the basis that my investment cannot be substantiated.

Given that Mr. Picard's office has previously used inforation that is relevant to my current claim to act in my favor, it is only reasonable that the same evidence be used in the processing of my current claim.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Daniel C. Epstein

205 E. 77th St. #14D New York, NY 10075

Madoff Victim Fund P.O. Box 6310 Syracuse, NY 13217-6310

To Whom It May Concern:

This is in response to the claim deficiency notice dated September 22, 2016 account number 7012947, a copy of which is enclosed.

You requested further documentation in my name of my account balance or position in my Madoff-related investment on or around December 11, 2008.

As I have indicated previously your request is impossible to comply with and is paradoxical. I previously sent you a copy of a 2003 letter from Judy Kaufman to BLMIS requesting that all principals in the account be listed individually. BLMIS never complied with this request and continued to issue statements in which principals' accounts were aggregated. This practice was an integral part of BLMIS' fraudulent activity, for which I seek redress. Your request fails to recognize that fact and is therefore arbitrary and capricious since the nature of the fraudulent activity makes it impossible to fulfill.

The paradox is that Irving Picard's office had ample evidence to name me in its complaint and attempt to recover funds and later sought fit to dismiss me from that claim on the basis of my having invested but never having withdrawn any funds. This indicates that his office possesses ample documentation of my investment and of my never having withdrawn funds, documentation to which I do not have access. I have previously sent you copies of Mr. Picard's complaint and eventual dismissal of the complaint.

I believe that the above requires far more than a routine disqualification because of the way in which the account is identified on the BLMIS statement. Evidence already submitted together with evidence in Mr. Picard's possession proves beyond a reasonable doubt that my investment was made, that my losses were incurred and that my claim is valid. I am including a letter from Judy Kaufman, through whose account Judy Kaufman et. al. TIC I invested in BLMIS, confirming that I did not withdraw any of the capital that I invested.

I would be happy to discuss this further, appreciate your consideration and await your response.

Sincerely,

Daniel Epstein

### 08-01789-smb Doc 15424-1 Filed 03/24/11 Line to Trustees Reply Memo Pg 4 of 6

08-01789-smb Doc 15058 Filed 02/21/17 Entered 02/21/17 15:36:06 Main Document Pg 1 of 4

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION,

Plaintiff-Applicant,

BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES LLC,

Defendant.

In re:

BERNARD L. MADOFF.

Debtor.

Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (SMB)

SIPA Liquidation

(Substantively Consolidated)

NOTICE OF ADJOURNMENT OF HEARING ON TRUSTEE'S MOTION AND MEMORANDUM OF LAW TO AFFIRM HIS DETERMINATIONS DENYING CEATING OF CLAIMANTS HOLDING INTERESTS IN JUDY L. KAUFMAN ET AL. TENANCY IN COMMON, RICHARD B. FELDER AND DEBORAH FELDER TENANCY IN COMMON, AND KEITH SCHAFFER, JEFFREY SCHAFFER.

CARLA R. HIRSCHHORN TENANCY IN COMMON

08-01789-smb Doc 15058 Filed 02/21/17 Entered 02/21/17 15:36:06 Main Document Pg 2 of 4

Irving H. Picard, trustee ("Trustee") for the substantively consolidated liquidation of the business of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("BLMIS") under the Securities Investor Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aaa et seq., and the chapter 7 estate of Bernard L. Madoff, by and through his undersigned counsel, hereby gives notice that the hearing date to consider the Trustee's Motion and Memorandum of Law to Affirm His Determinations Denying Claims of Claimants Holding Interests in Judy L. Kaufman et al. Tenancy in Common, Richard B. Felder and Deborah Felder Tenancy in Common, and Keith Schaffer, Jeffrey Schaffer, Cerla R. Hirschhorn Tenancy in Common (the "Motion"), filed on January 13, 2017 (ECF No. 14844), which was previously scheduled for February 22, 2017 has been adjourned to March 29, 7013. The objection deadline for the Motion has passed and no objections were filed with this Country received by the Trustee.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing dute to consider the portion of the Motion that seeks to affirm the Trustee's determination of Costorier Claims (0) 165, 007515, and 001360 filed by Jonathan E. Felder, Jeffrey D. Folder and The Richard and Deberan Fulder Foundation respectively. (the "Felder Objecting Claimants"), somethyrether to electrode interests in the Richard H. Felder and Deborah Felder Tenancy is Common BEMTS account CZAZGO, has been further adjourned to April 26, 2017.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE, that it. Traces solicities a supplement and increased and increased are in support of alternate has determinations of face of before March 15, 204.3.

Claimants' claims on or before March 15, 204.3.

08-01789-smb Doc 15058 Filed 02/21/17 Entered 02/21/17 15:36:06 Main Document Pg 3 of 4

York, New York 10004 by no later than 4:00 p.m. on April 3, 2017 (with a courtesy copy delivered to the Chambers of the Honorable Stuart M. Bernstein) and must be served upon (a) Baker & Hostetler LLP, counsel for the Trustee, 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, New York 10111, Attn: David J. Sheehan, Esq. and (b) the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, 1667 K. Street, NW, Suite 1000, Washington, DC, 20006-1620, Ann. Kevin H. Bell, Esq. and Nathanael S. Kelley, Esq. so as to be received oncer before April 3, 2017. Any objection must specifically state the interest that the objecting party has in these proceedings and the basis of the objection to the Motion. Counsel for the Trustee has consulted with the Felder Objecting Claimants consent to the adjournment of the hearing and the related objection deadline.

PLEASE TAKE FIRTHER NOTICE that the above referenced proceedings will be beld before the Honorable Stuart M. Bernstein, United States Bankruptcy, Judge, at the United States Bankruptcy Court, the Alexander Hamilton Customs House, One Bowling Green, New York, New York 10004, Courtroom 723 on March 29, 2017 and April 26, 2017 at 40:00 some or such other time as the Court determines.