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Attorneys for Irving H. Picard, Trustee for the substantively consolidated SIPA Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC and the estate of Bernard L. Madoff

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT				
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK				
SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION				
CORPORATION,	Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (SMB)			
Plaintiff-Applicant,	SIPA LIQUIDATION			
V.				
BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES LLC,	(Substantively Consolidated)			
Defendant.				
In re:				
BERNARD L. MADOFF,				
Debtor.				
IRVING H. PICARD, Trustee for the Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC,	Adv. Pro. No. 10-05383 (SMB)			
Plaintiff,				
v.	SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT			
STANLEY SHAPIRO, individually, as general partner of S&R Investment Co., as trustee for LAD Trust, as trustee for David Shapiro 1989 Trust, as amended, and as trustee for Leslie Shapiro 1985 Trust, as amended,				
RENEE SHAPIRO, individually, as general partner of S&R Investment Co., as trustee for LAD Trust, as trustee for David Shapiro 1989 Trust, as amended, and as trustee for Leslie Shapiro 1985 Trust, as amended.				

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S&R INVESTMENT CO., LAD TRUST, DAVID SHAPIRO, individually and as trustee for Trust f/b/o [W.P.S.] & [J.G.S.], RACHEL SHAPIRO, DAVID SHAPIRO 1989 TRUST, as amended, TRUST F/B/O [W.P.S.] & [J.G.S.], LESLIE SHAPIRO CITRON, LESLIE SHAPIRO 1985 TRUST, as amended, TRUST F/B/O [A.J.C.], [K.F.C.], and [L.C.C.], as amended, and KENNETH CITRON, individually and as trustee for Trust f/b/o [A.J.C.] [K.F.C.], and [L.C.C.], as amended, Defendants.

Irving H. Picard (the "Trustee"), as trustee for the liquidation of the business of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ("BLMIS"), under the Securities Investor Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78aaa, *et seq.* ("SIPA"), and the substantively consolidated estate of Bernard L. Madoff, individually, by and through his undersigned counsel, for this Second Amended Complaint against Stanley Shapiro, Renee Shapiro, S&R Investment Co. ("S&R"), LAD Trust, David Shapiro, Rachel Shapiro, David Shapiro 1989 Trust, as amended ("David Shapiro Trust"), Trust f/b/o [W.P.S.] & [J.G.S.] ("Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children"), Leslie Shapiro Citron (*née* Leslie Shapiro), Leslie Shapiro 1985 Trust, as amended ("Leslie Shapiro Trust"), Trust f/b/o

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[K.F.C.], and [L.C.C.], as amended ("Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children"), and Kenneth Citron (collectively, "Defendants"), states as follows:

# **INTRODUCTION**

 This adversary proceeding arises from the massive Ponzi scheme perpetrated by Bernard L. Madoff ("Madoff") with the assistance of others inside, as well as outside, of BLMIS. When the Ponzi scheme collapsed in 2008, Madoff had defrauded many hundreds of customers, who had invested in BLMIS's investment advisory business (the "IA Business"), out of billions of dollars.

2. Defendant Stanley Shapiro ("Shapiro") was no unwitting investor. He knew that the IA Business was predicated on fraud and that he and his family were benefitting from fabricated trading activity reported in their investment accounts at BLMIS. Since March 1981, the Shapiro family collectively received nearly \$54 million from more than 15 different accounts that they held with BLMIS. Given that they invested no more than \$3.75 million with BLMIS, the family withdrew – often entirely on margin – more than \$50 million in fictitious profits from Madoff's Ponzi scheme, all of which was other people's money. Shapiro and his wife, Renee, (the "Shapiros") also received a host of other benefits from BLMIS, ranging from salary payments to free rides on the BLMIS jet used by Madoff and his family.

3. Shapiro's relationship with Madoff spanned more than forty years; he first invested with BLMIS in the 1960s. Shapiro thereafter developed a close friendship with Madoff. The two, together with their wives, socialized often; the two couples dined out, attended charity events, and even took luxurious trips together. By 1995, Shapiro was ostensibly working as a part-time consultant and proprietary trader at BLMIS.

4. Shapiro thus had extraordinary access to Madoff as well as others at BLMIS who were involved in the IA Business, including Annette Bongiorno ("Bongiorno") who personally

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managed the Shapiro family's Core Accounts (as defined below) at BLMIS. Shapiro could – and did – direct Bongiorno to "cancel" trades and to generate specific "gains" and "losses" in the Core Accounts. Bongiorno often fulfilled Shapiro's directives by blatantly backdating trades. In the early 2000s, Shapiro asked for even more. During 2002, the reported value of the Core Accounts plummeted due to the burst of the dot-com bubble and the high margin balances that the family carried in the Core Accounts. To remedy the situation, and at Shapiro's request, BLMIS generated revised backdated account statements for the Core Accounts for nearly every month of 2002. In these statements, BLMIS reported a slew of newly fabricated short sales which improved the reported value of the Core Accounts by more than \$60 million. (*See* Section A, Section C(i) & (ii), and Section D(i) below.)

5. This fiction – of backdating short sales to erase huge paper losses and margin balances in the Core Accounts – generated tens of millions of dollars in fictitious gains and had significant tax consequences for the Shapiro family. After paying millions in taxes for the 2002 calendar year, the family appeared to face an even larger liability in early 2003. With Shapiro's knowledge, BLMIS took care of this issue as well. Over the balance of 2003, BLMIS fabricated more than \$40 million in short-term losses in the Core Accounts, essentially wiping out the family's tax liability for the year. These purported losses were not "realized" by reportedly selling off long-held positions whose value had declined, but rather were created out of thin air for the sole purpose of reducing the family's tax exposure. (*See* Section D(ii) below.)

6. Shapiro played an instrumental role in the planning and execution of the scheme to fabricate these groups of backdated trades in 2002 and 2003. Shapiro, after learning of the magnitude of the paper losses reported in the Core Accounts in late 2002, asked Madoff and Bongiorno to fabricate new backdated trades that would restore the value in the Core Accounts.

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He then was actively involved in the plan to fabricate losses through the latter part of 2003 to offset massive gains reportedly realized in the Core Accounts in early 2003. Shapiro even took steps to eliminate evidence of the fraud in which he and BLMIS had engaged, by returning account statements that he had originally received from BLMIS in exchange for revised ones. Unfortunately for Shapiro, Bongiorno never destroyed the statements he had returned. On several of them, Shapiro had made handwritten notes, irrefutable proof that he had an active hand in the fraud perpetrated at BLMIS. (*See* Section D below.)

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

7. This is an adversary proceeding commenced in this Court, in which the main underlying SIPA proceeding, Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789 (SMB) (the "SIPA Proceeding"), is pending. The SIPA Proceeding was originally brought in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York as *Securities Exchange Commission v. Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC et al.*, No. 08 CV 10791 (the "District Court Proceeding"), and was referred to this Court. This Court has jurisdiction over this adversary proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 1334(b) and (e)(1), and 15 U.S.C. § 78eee(b)(2)(A) and (b)(4).

8. This is a core proceeding under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(A), (B), (F), (H), and (O). The Trustee consents to the entry of final orders or judgment by this Court if it is determined that consent of the parties is required for this Court to enter final orders or judgment consistent with Article III of the U.S. Constitution.

9. Venue in this judicial district is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1409.

10. This adversary proceeding is brought under 15 U.S.C. §§ 78fff(b) and 78fff-2(c)(3),
11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(a), (b) and (d), 510(c), 544(b), 547, 548(a), 550(a) and 551, the New

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York Fraudulent Conveyance Act (N.Y. Debt & Cred. §§ 270 *et seq.* (McKinney 2001)), and other applicable law.

# **BACKGROUND, THE TRUSTEE, AND STANDING**

11. On December 11, 2008 (the "Filing Date"), Madoff was arrested by federal agents for criminal violations of federal securities laws, including securities fraud, investment adviser fraud, and mail and wire fraud. Contemporaneously, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") commenced the District Court Proceeding.

12. On December 15, 2008, under SIPA § 78eee(a)(4)(A), the SEC consented to combining its action with an application by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). Thereafter, under SIPA § 78eee(a)(4)(B), SIPC filed an application in the District Court alleging, among other things, that BLMIS could not meet its obligations to securities customers as they came due and its customers needed the protections afforded by SIPA.

13. By orders dated December 23, 2008, and February 4, 2009, respectively, this Court approved the Trustee's bond and found that the Trustee was a disinterested person.

14. On April 13, 2009, an involuntary bankruptcy petition was filed against Madoff, and on June 9, 2009, this Court substantively consolidated the Chapter 7 estate of Madoff into the SIPA Proceeding.

# **THE PONZI SCHEME**

15. Madoff founded BLMIS in or about 1960 as a sole proprietorship, and on January 1, 2001, he reorganized BLMIS as a single member limited liability company under the laws of the state of New York. For most of its existence, BLMIS operated from its principal place of business at 885 Third Avenue, New York, New York (the "Lipstick Building"). As founder, sole owner, chairman, and chief executive officer, Madoff operated BLMIS with several family members and other key employees.

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16. On March 12, 2009, in the case captioned *United States v. Madoff*, Case No. 09-CR-213(DC), Madoff pleaded guilty to an eleven-count criminal information filed against him by the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of New York. At the plea hearing, Madoff admitted that he "operated a Ponzi scheme through the investment advisory side of [BLMIS]."

17. At a plea hearing on August 11, 2009, in the case captioned *United States v*. *DiPascali*, Case No. 09-CR-764 (RJS), Frank DiPascali ("DiPascali"), a former BLMIS employee, pleaded guilty to a ten-count criminal information charging him with participating in and conspiring to perpetuate the Ponzi scheme. At the hearing, DiPascali admitted that no purchases or sales of securities took place in connection with BLMIS customer accounts and that the Ponzi scheme had been ongoing at BLMIS since at least the 1980s.

18. At a plea hearing on November 21, 2011, in a case captioned *United States v*. *Kugel*, Case No. 10-CR-228 (LTS), David Kugel ("Kugel"), another former BLMIS employee, pleaded guilty to a six-count criminal information charging him with securities fraud, falsifying the records of BLMIS, conspiracy, and bank fraud. At his plea hearing, Kugel admitted to helping create fake, backdated trades in BLMIS customer accounts beginning in the early 1970s.

19. On March 24, 2014, former BLMIS employees Bongiorno, Daniel Bonventre ("Bonventre"), Jo Ann Crupi ("Crupi"), George Perez, and Jerome O'Hara were convicted of fraud and other crimes in connection with their participation in the Ponzi scheme.

20. Over the course of the Ponzi scheme, BLMIS reported to its customers that their investment advisory accounts were invested in one or more of several different strategies. As of the early 1970s and continuing over more than twenty years, BLMIS falsely reported to many of its customers that their accounts were invested in a convertible arbitrage strategy. Specifically,

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BLMIS reported that it had purchased long convertible securities on or near the same date that it sold short positions in the underlying common stock. BLMIS thereafter represented that it had converted the long positions to common stock and then delivered that stock to cover the short positions. This purported trading activity was entirely fictitious and was engineered by BLMIS to achieve predetermined fictitious profits for its customers. In the early years of investing with BLMIS, the Shapiros held numerous accounts which were purportedly invested in the convertible arbitrage strategy. Similar to what BLMIS had fabricated for other insiders (*e.g.*, Bongiorno, Irwin Lipkin, and Bonventre), nearly every pair of convertible arbitrage transactions reported on the Shapiro family's account statements yielded the same rate of return, specifically 2.5% over a four-week period which equated to an annual rate of return of 32.5%.

21. For certain other accounts in the IA Business, BLMIS purported to participate in a capital appreciation/depreciation strategy, depending on whether the customer sought to generate gains or losses. BLMIS generally executed the strategy by purporting to purchase small groups of securities near lows and then purporting to sell those same securities years later at highs, or by purporting to short-sell securities near highs and then purporting to cover those short positions near lows. If a purported loss was sought, BLMIS often would do just the opposite. Starting in the early 1980s and continuing through BLMIS's collapse in 2008, the Core Accounts held by the Shapiros and their children were reportedly invested in this fictitious long-term, buy and hold strategy, which in many years yielded annual returns of more than 50%.

22. Beginning in the 1990s, Madoff outwardly ascribed the consistent success of BLMIS's IA Business to his "split-strike conversion" ("SSC") investment strategy. Madoff claimed his strategy would produce steady returns without the volatility in the stock market. Madoff generally reported that investors' funds would be invested in a basket of common stocks

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within the Standard & Poor's 100 Index ("S&P 100 Index") which is a collection of the hundred largest, publicly traded companies, as determined by Standard & Poor's Index Committee. The basket of stocks was designed to correlate to the movement of the S&P 100 Index. The strategy also involved selling call options and buying put options on the S&P 100 Index, which is commonly referred to as a "collar." All options relating to the companies within in the S&P 100 Index, including options based on the S&P 100 Index, clear through the Options Clearing Corporation ("OCC"). The OCC has no records showing that BLMIS's IA Business cleared any trades in any exchange-traded listed options.

23. Because Madoff claimed that he would carefully time purchases and sales to maximize value, customer funds would intermittently be out of the market. During those times, Madoff claimed that the funds were invested in U.S. Treasury securities or mutual funds invested in U.S. Treasury securities. There is no record of BLMIS clearing a single purchase or sale of securities in connection with the SSC strategy at the Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation, the clearing house for such transactions, or any other trading platform on which BLMIS could have traded securities. There are no other BLMIS records that demonstrate that BLMIS traded securities using the SSC strategy. The Shapiro family held numerous accounts purportedly invested in the SSC strategy.

24. Madoff operated the IA Business as a Ponzi scheme. BLMIS commingled all of the funds received from IA Business investors in a single BLMIS account maintained at JPMorgan Chase Bank. The money received from IA Business customers was used primarily to make distributions to, or payments for, other customers. The falsified monthly account statements made it appear that the IA Business accounts included substantial gains on customers' principal

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investments. The Ponzi scheme collapsed in December 2008, when the requests for redemptions overwhelmed the flow of new investments with BLMIS's IA Business.

25. Since at least the 1970s, BLMIS fraudulently claimed to engage in securities trades for IA Business customers that did not occur. Basic market data reveals that those purported trades did not, and could not, have taken place as reported on BLMIS customer statements. For example, there are many instances where the total number of securities purportedly traded by BLMIS significantly exceeded the entire reported market volume for that particular security on that particular day. Even where BLMIS purportedly traded securities within normal market volumes, there are many instances where the prices of those trades were outside the daily market price range for that security. In many other examples, BLMIS account statements reported trades of a particular security when actual market reports show that particular security simply did not change hands in the market on that reported date.

26. Since at least 1983, BLMIS financial reports filed with the SEC fraudulently omitted the existence of the billions of dollars of customer funds held by BLMIS. BLMIS did not register as an investment adviser with the SEC until August 2006. At that time, BLMIS filed with the SEC a Form ADV (Uniform Application for Investment Adviser Registration) representing, among other things, that BLMIS had 23 customer accounts and assets under management of \$11.7 billion. Thereafter, BLMIS filed a Form ADV annually with the SEC, the latest of which was filed in January 2008. In that filing, BLMIS represented that it had 23 customer accounts with assets under management of \$17.1 billion. In fact, at that time BLMIS had over 4,900 active customer accounts with a purported value of approximately \$68 billion under management.

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27. Contrary to standard practice in the investment advisory industry, BLMIS did not charge the IA Business customers a fee for investment advisory services. Madoff knew others who solicited investors for BLMIS or who, directly or indirectly, funded customer accounts, charged hundreds of millions of dollars for investment advisory services attributed to BLMIS. Instead of investment advisory fees, BLMIS purported to accept commissions for the purported trades, as reflected in the fraudulent IA Business customer statements.

28. BLMIS's auditor was Friehling & Horowitz, CPA, P.C. ("Friehling & Horowitz"), a three-person accounting firm in Rockland County, New York. Of the three employees at the firm, one employee was an administrative assistant and one was a semi-retired accountant living in Florida. On or about November 3, 2009, David Friehling, the sole proprietor of Friehling & Horowitz, pleaded guilty to filing false audit reports for BLMIS and filing false tax returns for Madoff and others.

29. At all relevant times, BLMIS was insolvent because: (i) its assets were worth less than the value of its liabilities; (ii) it could not meet its obligations as they came due; and (iii) at the time of the transfers alleged herein, BLMIS was left with insufficient capital.

#### THE DEFENDANTS

30. Shapiro and his wife maintain their principal residence in New York, New York (the "Shapiros' Home Address").

31. S&R is a partnership formed under the laws of the state of New York. Its principal place of business is located at the Shapiros' Home Address. The Shapiros are the general partners of S&R. Shapiro managed and controlled all of the business and other affairs of S&R.

32. David Shapiro and his wife, Rachel Shapiro, maintain their primary residence in New York, New York. David Shapiro is the Shapiros' youngest child.

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33. Kenneth Citron and his wife, Leslie Shapiro Citron, maintain their primary residence in Aspen, Colorado. They formerly resided in New York, New York. Leslie Shapiro Citron is the Shapiros' daughter.

34. LAD Trust was a trust established by the Shapiros for the benefit of their children.The Shapiros served as trustees of the LAD Trust.

35. David Shapiro Trust and Leslie Shapiro Trust were each formed in 1985 for the benefit of, respectively, David Shapiro and Leslie Shapiro Citron, and were later amended. The Shapiros served as trustees of said trusts.

36. Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children is a trust established in 2007 for the benefit of David and Rachel Shapiro's two children, J.G.S. and W.P.S. David Shapiro is a trustee of said trust.

37. Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children is a trust established in 2007 for the benefit of the three children of Kenneth Citron and Leslie Shapiro Citron, A.J.C., K.F.C., and L.C.C. Kenneth Citron is a trustee of said trust.

# THE DEFENDANTS' BLMIS ACCOUNTS

38. Over the years, Defendants held more than 20 different investment accounts at BLMIS (again, the "Accounts"). A list of all known Accounts is set forth in Exhibit A hereto.

39. Upon information and belief, the Shapiros opened the first of the Accounts (No. 1-03009-1-1) jointly in their names during the mid-1960s. Shapiro later changed the name on the account to "S&R Investment Co." Between 1980 and 1983, Shapiro opened several additional investment accounts at BLMIS and held them either personally (No. 1-02047-1-5), with his wife through S&R (Nos. 1-03013-3-0, 1-03039-1-5, 1-03058-1-1, and 1-03069-1-8) or in the name of the "Stanley Shapiro Trust" (Nos. 1-03043-1-9 (which was renumbered 1-03033-3-0)). Eventually, all of these accounts were combined into a single account held by S&R (No. 1-

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03013-3-0 (which was renumbered 1SH014)) with the address reported as the Shapiros' Home Address. Account 1SH014 was the largest of the four accounts which herein are collectively referred to as the Core Accounts.

40. After 1983, S&R held two additional accounts at BLMIS (Nos. 1SH079 and 1SH172), with the address for each reported as the Shapiros' Home Address. Account 1SH079 was opened in the name of S&R in September 1995 entirely on margin. Account 1SH079 is the second of the Core Accounts held by S&R. Account 1SH172 was opened in April 2003 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1SH014. Shapiro managed and otherwise exercised dominion and control over all of the BLMIS accounts held in the name of S&R as well as those accounts that he held either in his own name, jointly with his wife or in the name of the Stanley Shapiro Trust.

41. The Shapiros also held numerous BLMIS accounts for the benefit of their children. They held several accounts as trustees of trusts established for their children's benefit, including the LAD Trust (Nos. 1-03034-1-0 (which was renumbered 1-03012-1-0 and then 1-03012-3-0)), the David Shapiro Trust (Nos. 1-03047-1-0 (which was renumbered 1SH027) and 1-03065-3-0 (which was renumbered 1SH029) and 1-03066-3-0 (which was renumbered 1SH030)). Accounts 1SH028 and 1SH030, together with Accounts 1SH014 and 1SH079, were the largest four accounts held by the Shapiro family, and are collectively referred to herein as the "Core Accounts." Renee Shapiro also held several accounts at BLMIS as custodian for her children (Nos. 1-03045-1-7, 1-03046-1-6, 1-3044-1-8, and 1-03048-1-4 (which was renumbered 1-03029-1-0)). The last of these custodial accounts was divided and poured into the accounts held by the David Shapiro Trust (No. 1-03047-1-0) and the Leslie Shapiro Trust (No. 1-03046-1-0). Shapiro managed and

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otherwise exercised dominion and control over these custodial accounts as well as all of the accounts held either in the name of the LAD Trust, the David Shapiro Trust or the Leslie Shapiro Trust.

42. At one time or another, David Shapiro held three accounts at BLMIS (Nos. 1S0306, 1SH027, and 1SH028). The address of Accounts 1SH027 and 1SH028 was reported as the Shapiros' Home Address. The address of Account 1S0306 was originally reported as the Shapiros' Home Address and then was changed to David and Rachel Shapiro's home address in New York, New York with duplicate statements sent to the Shapiros' Home Address. Account 1SH028 (originally numbered 1-03065-3-0 ) was opened in February 1990 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1-03012-3-0, and was first held in the name of the David Shapiro Trust before it was changed into the name of "David Shapiro" in 2008. Account 1SH027 (originally numbered 1-03047-1-0) was opened in June 1985 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1S0306 was opened in May 1997 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1S0306 was opened in May 1997 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1SH027. Shapiro managed and otherwise exercised dominion and control over all of the Accounts held in David Shapiro's name or for his benefit.

43. The Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children held one BLMIS account (No. 1S0540), with the account address reported as David and Rachel Shapiro's home address in New York, New York. Account 1S0540 was opened with a transfer of fictitious profits from S&R Account 1SH172. Upon information and belief, the Shapiros thereafter funded Account 1S0540 largely, if not completely, with subsequent transfers of fictitious profits they received in connection with one or more of their BLMIS accounts. Shapiro received duplicate monthly statements for Account 1S0540.

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44. At one time or another, Leslie Shapiro Citron held four accounts at BLMIS (Nos. 1SH029, 1SH030, 1SH171, and 1C1251). Account 1SH029 (originally numbered 1-03046-1-0) was originally held by the Leslie Shapiro Trust, with a reported address of the Shapiros' Home Address, and later was held jointly by Leslie Shapiro Citron and Kenneth Citron, with a reported address of the former home address of Kenneth Citron and Leslie Shapiro Citron in New York, New York. Account 1SH029 was opened in June 1985 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1-03029-1-0. Account 1SH030 (originally numbered 1-03066-3-0) was opened in February 1990 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1-03012-3-0, and was first held in the name of the Leslie Shapiro Trust Citron before it was changed into the name of "Leslie Shapiro Citron" in 2006. The reported address of Account 1SH030 was the Shapiros' Home Address. Account 1SH171 was opened in April 2003 with a transfer of fictitious profits from Account 1SH030. Shapiro managed and otherwise exercised dominion and control over Account 1SH030, 1SH029, 1SH171, and certain other of the accounts held in the name of Leslie Shapiro Citron or for her benefit.

45. Kenneth Citron and Leslie Shapiro Citron also held a BLMIS account in the name of "Kenneth & Leslie Shapiro Citron" (No. 1C1251), with the address of the account reported as their former home address in New York, New York. Account 1C1251 was opened in May 1997 with a transfer of principal and fictitious profits from Leslie Shapiro Citron's Account 1SH029. Kenneth Citron also held a BLMIS account in the name of "Kenneth Citron" (No. 1C1214), with the account address reported as his former home address in Boston, Massachusetts. Account 1C1214 was opened in June 1994, and closed in early 1995.

46. Kenneth and Leslie Citron held a custodial account at BLMIS for their children (No. 1C1327), with the account address reported as the former home address of the Citrons in

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New York, New York. The Citrons opened Account 1C1327 in 2004. In 2007, the Citrons instructed BLMIS to transfer the holdings in Account 1C1327 into an account they opened in the name of the Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children (No. 1C1345). The address on Account 1C1345 was also listed as the Citrons' former address in New York, New York. Upon information and belief, the Shapiros largely funded Accounts 1C1327 and 1C1345 with subsequent transfers of fictitious profits they received in connection with one or more of their BLMIS accounts. Shapiro received duplicate monthly statements for Accounts 1C1327 and 1C1345.

# SHAPIRO KNEW OF FRAUD AT BLMIS

47. Shapiro knew that Madoff's IA Business was predicated on fraud and that he and the other Defendants were benefitting from fraudulent activity reported in the family's accounts at BLMIS. By virtue of his decades-long relationships with Madoff and Bongiorno, Shapiro could, and frequently did, direct Bongiorno to "cancel" trades or to achieve specific "gains" or "losses" in his family's accounts. Bongiorno generally satisfied Shapiro's directives by backdating short-term buy and sell transactions to purportedly produce the very gains or losses sought by Shapiro. These reported transactions had numerous hallmarks of fraud.

48. In 2002 and 2003, Shapiro went a step further, and took a more active role in the fraud at BLMIS. After the stock market suffered a sharp downturn in 2002, Bongiorno backdated, at Shapiro's request, a significant number of fictitious trades in all but one of the Core Accounts. The fabricated backdated trades wiped out substantially all of the paper losses reportedly suffered in the accounts during 2002 and entirely eliminated more than \$75 million in margin balances reportedly carried in the accounts. Bongiorno reported the newly fabricated trades in sets of revised account statements which BLMIS provided to Shapiro only after he had returned his original statements to BLMIS. Then, in the middle of 2003, BLMIS began

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fabricating, with Shapiro's knowledge, more backdated trades, this time to minimize the apparent sizable tax liability faced by the Shapiro family. Many of these backdated trades were reported in sets of revised account statements. Since Shapiro managed and otherwise exercised dominion and control over nearly all of Accounts, including but not limited to the Core Accounts, his actual knowledge of fraud at BLMIS is imputed to all of the members of his family.

# A. <u>SHAPIRO ENJOYED UNUSUAL ACCESS TO MADOFF AND</u> <u>OTHERS INVOLVED IN THE IA BUSINESS</u>.

49. Shapiro met Madoff and began investing with BLMIS in the mid-1960s. Over the next several decades, Shapiro forged a close relationship with Madoff through which he enjoyed extraordinary access to him as well as to Bongiorno and others involved in the IA Business. Shapiro was part of a small privileged group of BLMIS investors with whom Madoff appeared to place his trust and to whom Madoff gave special treatment. Bongiorno personally managed many of the accounts held by the Shapiro family, including all of the Core Accounts. She also managed the accounts of some of the most significant, long-time investors at BLMIS, including Stanley Chais, Jeffry Picower, Carl Shapiro, Ed Blumenfeld, and Norman Levy.

50. Shapiro made his career in the garment industry. For years, he worked for Kay Windsor, Inc., a once nationally recognized dress manufacturer, which was owned and operated by Carl Shapiro. Stanley Shapiro went on to serve as the president of Kay Windsor for approximately twenty years. As president, he helped take the company public in 1960 and played a significant role in the company's later acquisition by V.F. Corp. ("Vanity Fair"). Through his decades as a senior officer at Kay Windsor and then Vanity Fair, Shapiro developed an acute business sense.

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51. Over the years, Shapiro sought advice from others who had substantial investments in the IA Business or who were otherwise connected to BLMIS. It was Carl Shapiro who recommended that Shapiro invest money with BLMIS. Shapiro thereafter sought advice from another long-time BLMIS investor, Ed Kostin, regarding tax issues relating to his family's investments with BLMIS. In the early 1970s, at Carl Shapiro's recommendation, Shapiro hired a bookkeeper to assist him in regularly monitoring the accounts that he and his family held at BLMIS.

52. In or about 1995, Madoff hired Shapiro to serve as a part-time consultant and proprietary trader at BLMIS. BLMIS paid Shapiro a salary and provided the Shapiros with health care coverage. Shapiro eventually shared an office with Kugel, a key player in the fraud at BLMIS. Their office was located on the 19th Floor of the Lipstick Building and was directly adjacent to the office used by Madoff.

53. Despite the fact that Shapiro was not registered to trade securities, Madoff allowed Shapiro to use BLMIS capital to trade, using BLMIS's 19th floor proprietary trading desk, in shares of public companies involved in the clothing and fashion industry. Shapiro appeared to use a buy and hold strategy in his proprietary trading at BLMIS, but he also shorted stocks and even traded options at times. He had some measure of success in his trading, generating profits of approximately \$245,000 in 1999, \$385,000 in 2000, \$360,000 in 2001, \$850,000 in 2004, and \$530,000 in 2006. In other years, he lost money for BLMIS, including approximately \$185,000 in 1998, \$150,000 in 2005, and \$775,000 in 2007.

54. At Madoff's direction, Shapiro hired Paul Konigsberg ("Konigsberg") in 1996 to provide tax and other advice relating to the Accounts. Konigsberg had many other clients who held accounts at BLMIS, some of whom were among BLMIS's largest individual investors,

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including Norman Levy. On June 24, 2014, Konigsberg pleaded guilty to a three-count superseding criminal information for his role in the fraud at BLMIS. At his plea hearing, Konigsberg admitted that he conspired with others to falsify the books and records of BLMIS and to obstruct the administration of federal tax law.

55. As Shapiro's bookkeeper had done earlier, Konigsberg and his firm, Konigsberg Wolf & Co. ("Konigsberg Wolf"), regularly provided Shapiro with detailed schedules of the purported unrealized and realized gains and losses in the Core Accounts. Konigsberg Wolf prepared these schedules based on duplicate accounts statements that it received from BLMIS.

56. Shapiro met often with Madoff to discuss the Accounts. Telephone records show that he spoke with Madoff dozens of times from his residences in Manhattan and Bridgehampton, Long Island. BLM Air Charter LLC records reveal that Shapiro and his wife travelled with Madoff or other Madoff family members on the private jet used by BLMIS on more than 25 occasions between October 2002 and December 2008. The Shapiros joined Madoff, his wife, and others on many luxurious trips sponsored an organization that hosts events for members of stock exchanges around the world.

57. Shapiro spoke frequently with Bongiorno regarding the Core Accounts. Key card records reveal that on more than 150 occasions from 2005 through 2008, Shapiro visited the 17th floor of the Lipstick Building, the floor on which Bongiorno worked and to which only a select number of BLMIS employees had access. Bongiorno purportedly employed a long-term, buy and hold strategy for the Core Accounts, except in instances where Shapiro needed to achieve particular gains or losses in the accounts.

58. Madoff and Bongiorno allowed the Shapiro family to carry significant margin balances on the Core Accounts. Generally, whenever BLMIS reported that it had purchased

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securities in the Core Accounts, it did so entirely on margin. When the Shapiro family withdrew funds from any of the Core Accounts, BLMIS simply increased the margin balance on the account in an amount equal to the withdrawal. Beyond violating Federal Reserve Regulation T and NASD Rule 2520, which respectively govern initial margin and margin maintenance requirements in brokerage accounts, these practices led the Shapiro family to accrue significant margin balances in the Core Accounts, which climbed as high as \$75 million in 2002.

# B. <u>THE ACCOUNTS EARNED IMPLAUSIBLE RATES OF RETURN.</u>

59. The rates of return in the Accounts held by the Shapiro family at BLMIS were not possible through legitimate securities trading. As of March 1981, the reported value of the several accounts that the Shapiro family held at BLMIS totaled approximately \$1.75 million. Over the next twenty-seven years, the family deposited less than \$2 million into these and other accounts they opened at BLMIS. The last deposit that the Shapiros ever made into any of the several accounts held by S&R (Nos. 1-03069-1-8, 1-03058-1-1, 1-03009-1-1, 1-03013-3-0 (which was renumbered 1SH014), 1SH079, and 1SH172) was in March 1982. Thereafter, they withdrew more than \$37 million in cash from these accounts – most often entirely on margin – and still had reported equity in excess of \$50 million in November 2008. The BLMIS accounts established by the Shapiros for the benefit of their children (Nos. 1SH028, 1SH030, 1SH171, and 1S0306) exhibited a similar pattern. While after 1982 only limited deposits were made into any of these accounts, Leslie Shapiro Citron and David Shapiro withdrew more than \$13 million from the accounts in the ensuing 26 years. Nearly all of what the Shapiros and their children withdrew constituted fictitious profits from the Ponzi scheme and was other people's money.

60. The rates of return purportedly achieved in the Accounts were extraordinarily consistent and implausibly high. During some of the earlier years of investing with BLMIS, the convertible arbitrage accounts held by the Shapiros and the LAD Trust received the identical rate

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of return -2.5% over a four-week period - on virtually every transaction reported in the accounts. In later years, the purported returns in the Shapiro family's long-term, buy and hold accounts were implausibly high.

61. For many years, BLMIS reported to Shapiro that its "benchmark rate of return" for each of the Core Accounts was 29.00%. Starting in 2003, BLMIS lowered that rate to 20.00%. Nevertheless, BLMIS regularly reported to Shapiro that it had achieved extraordinary rates of return for the Core Accounts, often well above the "benchmark" rate. S&R Account 1SH014 reportedly achieved a positive rate of return every year from 1999 through 2008. In 1999, BLMIS reported that the account achieved an "annualized return" of more than 68%. Schedules prepared by Konigsberg Wolf and year-end BLMIS account statements reported that the net value of 1SH014 increased nearly every year by millions of dollars. The Core Accounts held by the David Shapiro Trust and the Leslie Shapiro Trust likewise reportedly achieved high rates of return and increased significantly in value almost every year. These extraordinary and implausible rates of return reportedly achieved in the Core Accounts were inconsistent with legitimate trading activity.

# C. <u>SHAPIRO CLOSELY MONITORED AND MANAGED HIS FAMILY'S</u> <u>ACCOUNTS AND REGULARLY DIRECTED BLMIS TO GENERATE</u> <u>SPECIFIC GAINS AND LOSSES</u>.

62. Over the years, Shapiro closely monitored how his and his family's BLMIS accounts were reportedly performing. He did so by, *inter alia*, regularly reviewing monthly account statements and portfolio management reports provided by BLMIS as well as quarterly schedules of realized and unrealized gains and losses prepared first by his bookkeeper and then later by Konigsberg Wolf. He paid particularly close attention to his and his family's anticipated tax liability. Near the end of many calendar years, Shapiro directed Bongiorno to achieve specific gains or losses in one or more of the Core Accounts so as to minimize or altogether

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eliminate his family's apparent tax liability. Additionally, he directed that funds be transferred among the Accounts, and he requested and received millions of dollars in distributions from the Accounts.

# i. <u>Shapiro Could "Cancel" Trades Reported In The Core Accounts.</u>

63. Shapiro had the ability to direct BLMIS to "cancel" purported trades in the Core Accounts after they already had appeared on account statements. In February 2000, Shapiro spoke to Bongiorno about his desire to cancel a number of trades that BLMIS reportedly had made approximately six weeks earlier in each of the Core Accounts. In a letter sent by Shapiro to Konigsberg by facsimile from the Royal Poinciana in Palm Beach, Florida, Shapiro explained:

TROM ROYALPOINCIANA Feb. 25 2000 12:06PM P1 FAX NO. : 5616556146 212-600 5 2)

<u>Figure 1</u>

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A transcription of this letter appears below.<sup>1</sup>

64. Although Bongiorno gave Shapiro the option to cancel all of the trades, he decided to cancel only one of the trades that had appeared on the January 2000 account statements. The cancellation appears on the face of the February 2000 account statement for S&R Account 1SH079. By cancelling the reported trade, Shapiro not only knowingly engaged in fraud with BLMIS, but he apparently also committed tax fraud.

# ii. <u>Shapiro Directed BLMIS To Generate Short-Term "Gains" And</u> "Losses" In The Core Accounts.

65. Shapiro was ever mindful of his and his family's tax exposure. Near the end of every year, Shapiro reviewed his and his family's purported realized and unrealized gains and losses in their Core Accounts, conveyed through schedules prepared first by his bookkeeper and then by Konigsberg Wolf, to gauge their projected tax liability. On numerous occasions, Shapiro directed BLMIS to arrange, for tax purposes, that particular "gains" or "losses" be realized in one or more of the Core Accounts.

66. BLMIS purportedly used a long-term, buy and hold investment strategy for the Core Accounts. Each of these accounts therefore reportedly held numerous securities for extended periods. Over time, the reported value of most of these positions increased while a few declined. Generally when Shapiro sought a specific "gain" or "loss" in one of the Core

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dear Paul

As per our conversation, here are Jan. statements indicating <u>trades</u> covering short positions and I believe creating losses. I am fairly certain these are "old" and "grandfathered" positions. Why should we do these? (note there are (2) S&R accts SH014 and SH079.[)]

Please call me as soon as possible as it is my thinking that we would like to <u>cancel</u> these trades.

Annette gave me a "deadline" of today – but I will try to postpone until Monday. Get to me as soon as possible <u>or</u> you can call Annette if [you] care to. Love + xxx

Stanley

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Accounts, Bongiorno did not report that she had sold one the account's long-held positions to generate a specific gain or loss. Instead she fabricated backdated "purchases" that were then quickly "sold" (or vice-versa if a stock was shorted) to achieve roughly the gain or loss sought by Shapiro. These short-term investments bore numerous hallmarks of fraud and occurred over many years.

67. For example, Shapiro sent a note to Bongiorno on November 10, 2000, requesting particular losses in several of his family's Core Accounts. In the note, Shapiro wrote, as to S&R Account 1SH014, that he needed a "loss of about \$50,000" and he suggested the loss could be realized through the sale of Abercrombie & Fitch Co. which was reportedly held in the account. Rather than following Shapiro's suggestion, BLMIS generated the requested "loss" by reporting on the November 2000 statement for Account 1SH014 that it had purchased a block of Oracle Corp. stock (5,000 shares at \$34.50 per share) on October 27, 2000 (which settled on November 1, 2000) and then sold the block at a much lower price (\$25.00 per share) just two weeks later for an apparent loss of \$47,500, just "about" the \$50,000 loss that Shapiro had requested.

68. In the same note to Bongiorno, Shapiro wrote that he needed a "loss of about \$100,000/110,000" in Account 1SH030 held by the Leslie Shapiro Trust and a "loss of about \$60,000" in Account 1SH028 held by the David Shapiro Trust. As to both accounts, he suggested that BLMIS sell Proctor & Gamble stock reportedly held in each account. In the November 2000 statement for Account 1SH030, BLMIS reported that it had done exactly what it had done for S&R Account 1SH014 – an intra-month buy and sell of a block of Oracle stock (5,000 shares at prices of \$34.50 and \$25.00) for a \$47,000 loss. BLMIS additionally reported that within the span of three weeks, it had also purchased and sold a block of Gateway, Inc. stock (4,000 shares) at prices (\$52.75 and \$37.25) for an additional \$62,000 in losses. These two sets

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of transactions reportedly yielded a loss of \$109,000, just "about" what Shapiro had requested. For the David Shapiro Trust Account 1SH028, BLMIS had an easier exercise; it reported that it had bought and sold a slightly larger block of Oracle stock (6,000 shares) at the same prices as reported in the other Core Accounts (\$34.50 and \$25.00) resulting in a loss of \$57,000, just "about" the \$60,000 loss that Shapiro had requested.

69. These reported short-term investments bore the hallmarks of fraud on several levels. First, BLMIS purportedly employed a long-term, buy and hold investment strategy for the Core Accounts and thus typically held securities for years, not weeks. Second, BLMIS reported that it bought each of the blocks of stock on a date before Shapiro had even requested the losses. Third, BLMIS reported that it had gone out into the market to generate the requested loss rather than liquidating one of the several positions reportedly held by the Shapiros with unrealized losses. Fourth, the share prices of Oracle and Gateway declined enough in value over a few weeks to achieve just "about" the amount of losses sought by Shapiro. It is preposterous that any trader would be able to buy and then sell weeks later an isolated block of stock consisting of a specific number of shares at precisely the right prices to achieve even one of the requested losses, much less in all three of the accounts. Finally, although the Oracle and Gateway shares were purportedly purchased and then sold weeks later, the trades were recorded on the account statements with consecutive transaction numbers, indicating that BLMIS had reportedly executed each side of the buy and sell at essentially the same time.

70. In 2001, Shapiro was at it again. This time, he wanted to realize a certain gain in one of the Core Accounts, and BLMIS again obliged his request by manufacturing a pair of backdated trades. In a note dated November 1, 2001, Shapiro told Bongiorno that he was in "need" of a "\$360,000 gain" in S&R Account 1SH014. Based on a schedule of unrealized gains

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and losses prepared by Konigsberg Wolf, Shapiro knew that S&R reportedly held many securities with unrealized gains which BLMIS could purport to sell to realize a gain of \$360,000. Instead, BLMIS reported to Shapiro that it had purchased of a block of Sabre Holdings on October 31, 2001 (which settled on November 2) and sold the same block less than three weeks later at much higher price, generating a short-term gain of \$360,770, which was almost exactly the gain Shapiro had requested from Bongiorno.

71. About a month later, in a note dated December 12, 2001, Shapiro advised Bongiorno that he now was in "need" of a "\$125,000 <u>loss</u>" in S&R Account 1SH014 "in this year." In the December 2001 statement for Account 1SH014, BLMIS reported to Shapiro that it had purchased a block of Too Inc. on November 30, 2001 (which settled December 5) and sold the same block less than two weeks later at a much lower price, generating a loss of \$124,380. Once again, BLMIS generated the loss requested by reporting to Shapiro that it had purchased the perfect-sized block of stock – before he even had alerted BLMIS that he needed the loss – and then the value of the stock declined just enough in a few weeks to generate the loss requested.

72. Shapiro knew that these and earlier trades reported in the Core Accounts were fabrications. He was actually aware that the trades were fraudulent or he intentionally chose to blind himself and his family to the red flags associated with these trades that suggested a high probability of fraud at BLMIS.

# D. <u>DURING 2002 AND 2003, SHAPIRO CAUSED BLMIS TO</u> <u>FABRICATE LARGE GROUPS OF BACKDATED TRADES IN</u> <u>THE CORE ACCOUNTS</u>.

73. In 2002 and 2003, Shapiro took an active hand in the fraud at BLMIS. At his request, Bongiorno fabricated a slew of backdated short-against-the-box sales to offset huge paper losses purportedly suffered in the Core Accounts over the course of 2002. The short sales

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were reported in sets of revised account statements BLMIS issued to Shapiro as well as Konigsberg. In early 2003, when Shapiro realized that he and his family might face an even higher tax liability than they did in 2002 as a result of all the backdated short sales, Bongiorno manufactured massive trading losses in the Core Accounts at Shapiro's request. These fabricated trades essentially wiped out the family's apparent 2003 tax liability. Shapiro played a key and active role in the creation of these and the earlier fabricated trades and in the effort to eliminate evidence of the fraud in which he and BLMIS had engaged.

# i. <u>At Shapiro's Request, BLMIS Fabricated Revised 2002 Monthly</u> <u>Statements For The Core Accounts To Reverse Millions In</u> <u>Previously-Reported Paper Losses</u>.

74. Given the strategy purportedly employed by BLMIS for the Core Accounts, Bongiorno had to regularly monitor the accounts because if left unattended, the value of securities reportedly held in them could be impacted by fluctuations in the market. This is exactly what happened in 2002. During 2002, the stock market suffered a significant downturn, caused largely by the implosion of the dot-com bubble. Over the first nine months of the year, the S&P 100 Index declined by more than 30%; the Dow Jones Industrial Average and NASDAQ Composite reached five-year lows on October 9, 2002. The monthly statements that BLMIS issued to Shapiro and Konigsberg for the Core Accounts over this same period reported minimal trading activity, and the reported value of these accounts thus plummeted.

75. For example, the value of the securities reportedly held in S&R Account 1SH014 fell from approximately \$71 million at the start of 2002 to \$40 million at the end of September 2002, a drop of \$31 million or nearly 45% of the securities' reported value. The reported value of the holdings in Accounts 1SH028 and 1SH030 were similarly affected. In total, the value of the securities reportedly held in the Core Accounts collectively dropped by more than \$50 million over the first three quarters of 2002.

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76. At the same time, the reported margin balances on most of the Core Accounts were extremely high. The margin balance on 1SH014 stood at more than \$46 million as of September 2002. Given that the reported value of the account's holdings had declined to approximately \$40 million as of September 2002, the "net value" of Account 1SH014 – the value of all holdings and credits less margin balance and short liabilities as reported by BLMIS – had fallen to well below zero. The net value of each of the Core Accounts held by the David Shapiro Trust and the Leslie Shapiro Citron Trust likewise was well below zero. Nevertheless, BLMIS did not issue a margin call to the family as required under NASD Rule 2520, which would have forced them to provide BLMIS with tens of millions of dollars in cash or actual securities to satisfy minimum margin maintenance requirements for the Core Accounts. Instead, something altogether different happened.

77. In late 2002, Shapiro was advised by Konigsberg of the significant impact that the stock market's crash had on the reported value of the Core Accounts. Konigsberg told Shapiro that he should meet with Madoff, and he did. At their meeting, Madoff told Shapiro that he would fix the problem and that Shapiro should go see Bongiorno. Shapiro then, together with Konigsberg, met with Bongiorno on BLMIS's 17th Floor, where they devised a scheme to restore the value that had been reportedly lost in the Core Accounts due to the stock market's decline throughout the year.

78. Bongiorno, with the help of Crupi and others at BLMIS, thereafter began the process of generating, through a computer program referred to as "STMTPro," revised account statements for the Core Accounts which would report that BLMIS had made numerous short-against-the-box sales over the first few months of 2002, *i.e.*, before the stock market's decline. A short-against-the-box sale is a type of hedge in which an investor sells short the same size

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block of a particular stock that he already holds long, which allows him to lock in paper profits (or losses) on his long position without selling that position. By using STMTPro to backdate short sales to early 2002, BLMIS created sets of revised account statements for Shapiro and his family that gave the illusion that the family had survived the burst of the dot-com bubble by hedging most of their holdings in the Core Accounts earlier in the year.

79. For example, the Shapiros reportedly held 345,000 shares of Siebel Systems, Inc. in Account 1SH014. The share price of Siebel dropped precipitously in 2002, from a peak of more than \$37 in late January to a year-to-date low of less than \$6 at the close of September. As a result, as originally reported to Shapiro, the value of the Siebel stock reportedly held in Account 1SH014 had declined by more than \$11 million between its January high and its October close. Amazingly, one of the newly fabricated short-against-the-box sales reported by BLMIS on the January 2002 STMTPro statement for 1SH014 was a short sale of 345,000 shares of Siebel at a price of more than \$37 per share. This newly fabricated short sale alone improved the reported value of Account 1SH014 as of September 2002 by nearly \$11 million, transforming a paper loss of nearly \$5.5 million into a \$5.5 million fully hedged, unrealized gain. BLMIS backdated more than 25 additional short-against-the-box sales in the STMTPro statements for Account 1SH014, eliminating all of the account's paper losses for the year.

80. BLMIS also prepared STMTPro statements for 1SH030 and 1SH028, the Core Accounts respectively held by the Leslie Shapiro Trust and the David Shapiro Trust. The revised statements for these accounts similarly included numerous newly fabricated short-against-thebox sales dating back to early 2002, which wiped out the paper losses reflected in the account statements that BLMIS had originally issued to Shapiro and Konigsberg. Two of the newly fabricated trades were short sales of Broadcom Corporation and Intel Corporation, which both

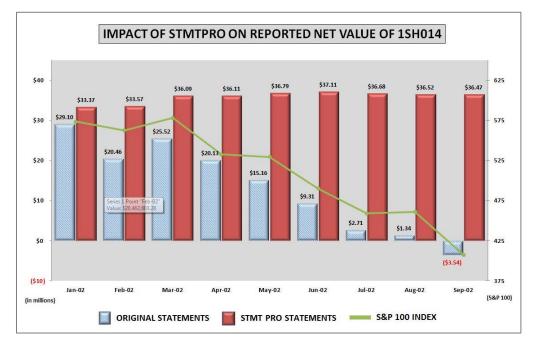
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accounts reportedly held long. In the originally-issued statements for each of the accounts, the collective value of the purported holdings in Broadcom and Intel had dropped dramatically over the first three quarters of 2002, falling from about a peak of approximately \$7.0 million in the middle of January 2002 to approximately \$2.0 million as of the close of September 2002. In late 2002 and early 2003, BLMIS entirely eliminated this apparent drop in value by generating STMTPro statements for both 1SH028 and 1SH030 that reported short sales of 75,000 shares of Broadcom and 85,000 shares of Intel in the middle of January 2002. The pair of fictitious backdated short sales improved the reported value of each account by nearly \$5 million, turning what first appeared to be \$1 million in unrealized losses into fully hedged, unrealized gains of nearly \$4 million.

81. The newly fabricated short sales in the STMTPro statements for 1SH014, 1SH028, and 1SH030 wiped out all of the paper losses reflected in the original account statements that BLMIS had issued to Shapiro and Konigsberg in 2002. According to the original September 2002 statement for S&R Account 1SH014, for example, its reported holdings and other assets totaled around \$43.5 million and its margin balance stood at more than \$46 million. Its net value thus was a negative \$2.5 million. As the chart in Figure 2 below illustrates, the newly fabricated backdated short sales reported in the STMTPro statements increased the reported net value of Account 1SH014, as of September 30, 2002, by more than \$40 million.

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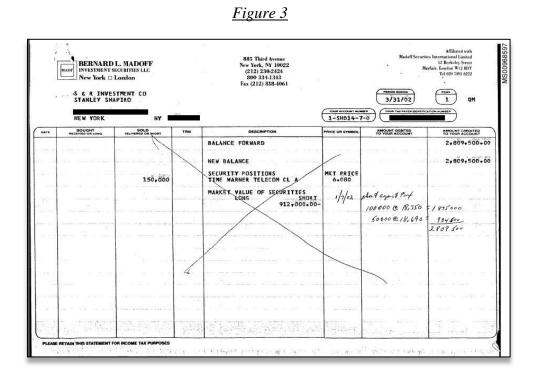
#### Figure 2

The newly fabricated backdated short sales added to the STMTPro statements for the accounts held by the Leslie Shapiro Trust and the David Shapiro Trust increased the reported net value of each account by more than \$12 million.

82. After preparing the STMTPro statements for the Core Accounts, BLMIS needed assistance from Shapiro and Konigsberg to conceal the paper trail of the fraud. The two still had the monthly account statements for the Core Accounts that they had originally received from BLMIS. Before issuing the STMTPro statements to Shapiro and Konigsberg, BLMIS asked them to return their original statements. Shapiro and Konigsberg did their part and returned all of their original Core Account monthly statements. Bongiorno and others at BLMIS, however, were not as diligent. They preserved many of BLMIS's internal records which reveal the process by which they generated the STMTPro statements for the Core Accounts. They also retained the original account statements that Shapiro and Konigsberg returned. On several of the statements that Shapiro returned, he had made various handwritten notes. The first page of one of the

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statements is depicted in Figure 3.



The first page of the March 2003 STMTPro statement for 1SH014, which Shapiro received in exchange for the statement above, is depicted in Figure 4.

CONFIDENTIAL	···	BERNARD L. MADOFF INVESTMENT SECURITIES LLC New York – London S & R INVESTMENT CO STANLEY SHAPIRO			885 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022 (212) 230-2424 800 334-1343 Fax (212) 838-4061		Affiliated with Madoff Scentriter International Linited 12 Brekrieft Street Marfalt. London WI J BDT Tel (00 7495 6022		
						Predic Dates         Fast 3/31/02         Fast 1         QM           1000 ALCOUNT NUMBER 1-SH014-7-0         Image: State St			
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Figure 4

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83. Although Konigsberg also returned the duplicate Core Account statements he had originally received from BLMIS, he retained a copy of the September 2002 quarterly schedule of unrealized gains and losses in S&R Account 1SH014 that his office had prepared based on the initial duplicate monthly account statements received from BLMIS. That schedule reflected that the Shapiros' margin balance on Account 1SH014 as of September 30, 2002 was more than \$3.5 million higher than the value of its reported holdings and other assets. The schedule contained none of the backdated trades that were subsequently fabricated through STMTPro.

# ii. <u>At Shapiro's Request, BLMIS Fabricated Numerous Groups Of</u> <u>Trades In The Core Accounts In 2003 To Generate Millions In</u> <u>Reported Losses To Eliminate An Apparently Huge Tax Liability.</u>

84. Although the newly fabricated short sales restored the value of the Core Accounts, the manufactured trades led to unfortunate tax consequences for the Shapiro family. BLMIS reported in the STMTPro statements for the Core Accounts for the month of December 2002 that it had delivered a number of securities that it had held long in the accounts to cover many of the backdated short positions. The reported delivery of these securities in Account 1SH014 generated approximately \$25 million in fictitious long-term gains. As a result, rather than having little to no reported tax liability for year 2002, the Shapiros paid more than \$7 million in taxes for the year.

85. The tax consequences of the backdated STMTPro short sales spilled into 2003. According to a February 2003 schedule of realized gains and losses that Konigsberg Wolf provided to Shapiro for Account 1SH014, the Shapiros reportedly realized short-term capital gains of more than \$27 million in January of 2003 as a result of having to purportedly cover short positions generated from the backdated short sales reported in the 2002 STMTPro statements. The situation for Leslie Shapiro Citron and David Shapiro and their respective trust

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accounts was no different, as each appeared to have faced significant tax exposure for fictitious trades reported in their accounts in early 2003.

86. Despite their massive tax exposure, the Shapiros paid nothing toward their 2003 estimated taxes in the first quarter of 2003. Instead, Shapiro devised another plan with Madoff and Bongiorno. In a note to Konigsberg, Shapiro wrote:

BERNARD L. MAD/OFF 212 230-2424 MADE ESTMENT SECURITIES LLC 800 221-2242 885 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022 Fax 212 486-8178 4/27/03 Paulie Dear, Nere & copy of prote on details & worked auth Amitte. Botto Berme & amitte are awore of problems we have, June is target for action Please don't 3- putt in Veges Regin of

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A transcription of the note appears below.<sup>2</sup> The "problems that <u>we</u> have" to which Shapiro alluded in his note to Konigsberg were the significant tax liabilities Shapiro and his family faced as a result of BLMIS having reported in January 2003 that it had covered many of the prior year's backdated short-against-the-box trades.

87. Within a few weeks of Shapiro writing this note, Bongiorno and others at BLMIS began the process of fabricating significant short-term fictitious losses in the Core Accounts to eliminate, either entirely or in large measure, the tax liability that the family apparently faced as a result of the short-term gains reported in January 2003. Some of the losses were fabricated with the benefit of a month's hindsight while others were manufactured near year's end through use of STMTPro.

88. For example, in the April 2003 statement for S&R Account 1SH014, BLMIS reported – using consecutive transaction numbers – that it had purchased and then sold a few weeks later a block of HCA Inc. for a loss of more than \$1.5 million. In subsequent monthly statements for Account 1SH014, BLMIS reported that in May it sold short a block of KB Homes and then covered the short position in June for a loss of more than \$3.1 million. BLMIS also reported in June that it purchased a block of National Semiconductor Corp. and then reportedly sold the same block early the following month for a short-term loss of approximately \$1.5 million. BLMIS also created significant short-term fictitious losses in Account 1SH079, another Core Account held by S&R. In the account's November 2003 statement, BLMIS reported that it

<sup>2</sup> Paulie Dear,

Here is copy of note on details I worked with Annette. Both Bernie + Annette are aware of problems we have. June is target for action[.] Please don't 3-putt in Vegas.

Regard[,] Stanley

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had purchased and then quickly sold large blocks of shares of Apple Computers Inc., Delta Airlines, Inc., and Priceline.com Inc. for a collective short-term loss of approximately \$2.5 million.

89 These fictitious short-term losses pale in comparison, however, to the short-term losses fabricated by BLMIS in late 2003 from using STMTPro to backdate the short sale and a subsequent cover of Sears Roebuck & Co. in a newly created subaccount of Account 1SH079. BLMIS did not create this subaccount until late 2003, and thus the subaccount did not appear on the schedule of unrealized gains and losses that Konigsberg Wolf prepared and provided to Shapiro for Account 1SH079 for the first two quarters (*i.e.*, January through June) of 2003. When BLMIS later generated the STMTPro statements for the newly-created subaccount, it reported that it had sold 325,000 shares of Sears Roebuck short in March 2003 for approximately \$6 million. Between March and November 2003, the share price of Sears Roebuck increased significantly, nearly tripling in value. In the November 2003 statement for the new subaccount, BLMIS reported that it covered the short position by purchasing and delivering 325,000 shares of Sears Roebuck at a cost of approximately \$18 million. The reported short sale and cover of Sears Roebuck thus generated a fictitious short-term loss of nearly \$12 million for the Shapiros. As illustrated in the chart in Figure 5 below, BLMIS reported over \$27 million in short-term gains in January 2003 and then \$20 million in short-term losses in Account 1SH014 and Account 1SH079 over the last nine months of 2003.

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Account	Purchase Date	Sale Date	Security	Profit/Loss
1SH014-7	1/4/2003	1/14/2002	Network Appliance	\$4,345,800.00
1SH014-7	1/7/2003	1/31/2002	Siebel Systems	\$10,302,070.00
1SH014-7	1/7/2003	1/10/2002	Time Warner Telecom	\$2,481,010.00
1SH014-7	1/7/2003	3/11/2002	Centex	\$925,500.00
1SH014-7	1/29/2003	1/15/2002	Circuit City Stores	\$3,300,927.00
1SH014-7	1/29/2003	1/15/2002	Broadcom	\$4,144,100.00
1SH014-7	1/29/2003	7/2/2002	CNF	\$414,450.00
1SH014-7	1/29/2003	1/15/2002	CarMax	\$1,186,424.00
1SH014-3	4/4/2003	4/22/2003	НСА	(\$1,531,250.00)
1SH014-8	6/20/2003	5/8/2003	KB Homes	(\$3,137,150.00)
1SH079-3	11/4/2003	11/20/2003	Priceline	(\$1,608,500.00)
1SH079-3	11/4/2003	11/24/2003	Delta Airlines	(\$405,000.00)
1SH079-3	11/4/2003	11/26/2003	Apple	(\$342,500.00)
1SH079-8	11/25&26/2003	3/12&14/2003	Sears Roebuck	(\$11,770,900.00)
1SH014-8	12/12/2003	7/24/2003	Advanced Micro Devices	(\$623,700.00)

#### Figure 5

90. These massive reported short-term losses were not the product of the purported realization of paper losses on long-term holdings, but rather were fabricated out of whole cloth over the short term. Again, Shapiro was supplied with revised account statements that BLMIS generated through its STMTPro computer program. The fabricated losses substantially resolved the tax problem that the Shapiros had faced in early 2003. In the end, they only owed \$85 in federal taxes for the 2003 tax year. After considering taxes withheld during the year, they actually received a \$629 refund from the federal government.

91. Bongiorno also created numerous fictitious short-term losses during the final nine months of 2003 in Core Accounts held by the David Shapiro Trust and the Leslie Shapiro Trust to offset the large short-term gains the accounts reportedly realized in January 2003. For example, BLMIS reported an intra-month buy and sell of a block of Sony Corp. stock in the April 2003 statement for each account, generating a purported loss of nearly \$635,000. BLMIS

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thereafter reported numerous transactions in each of the accounts that resulted in millions of dollars in additional losses. The largest of these reported losses involved the fabricated short sale of a large block of Amazon shares followed by the cover of the short position after the stock had nearly doubled in value, generating a reported loss of nearly \$3 million. All of these reported losses substantially resolved the tax problem that David Shapiro and Leslie Shapiro faced earlier in the year as a result of the millions in fictitious gains reported in their respective Core Accounts at BLMIS.

92. While the fabricated losses served their intended purpose, they did negatively impact the reported value of the Core Accounts. To resolve this issue, Bongiorno fabricated, through the use of STMTPro, a number of additional backdated trades in the Core Accounts in late 2003 to prop up the value of the accounts on paper. For instance, Bongiorno backdated the purchase of Genentech, Inc. stock in Account 1SH079 to March 2003. Given that between March and December 2003, Genentech nearly tripled in value, Bongiorno artificially increased the reported value of Account 1SH079 by nearly \$13 million. As was the case with the backdated short sale of Sears Roebuck, the Konigsberg Wolf schedule of unrealized gains for Account 1SH079 through the first two quarters of 2003 did not show any position in Genentech.

93. For years, Shapiro had been content to merely direct BLMIS to generate comparatively small losses and gains in his and his family's Core Accounts at BLMIS. The financial times of 2002 and 2003 forced Shapiro to take a more significant and an active role in the fraud at BLMIS. He was involved in the creation of revised account statements containing scores of newly fabricated backdated short trades. When the apparent effect of the fiction proved too great, he and BLMIS were at it again, this time fabricating heavy losses in the Core Accounts to avoid a hefty tax liability for the family.

## E. <u>SHAPIRO'S KNOWLEDGE OF FRAUD AT BLMIS MUST BE</u> <u>IMPUTED TO ALL DEFENDANTS</u>.

94. Shapiro had actual knowledge of fraud at BLMIS and knew that he and his family were benefitting from fictitious trades in the Accounts. In 2002 and 2003, he was actively involved in fabricating backdated trades in the Core Accounts and in attempting to eliminate evidence of the fraud in which he and BLMIS had engaged. Even without his active involvement in fraud at BLMIS, Shapiro willfully blinded himself to circumstances suggesting a high probability of fraud at BLMIS. To the extent that the other Defendants did not have knowledge of fraud at BLMIS, Shapiro's knowledge is imputed to each of them.

95. Shapiro was the agent of all of the other Defendants. They authorized Shapiro to act as their agent in managing and controlling not only their respective interests in the Core Accounts but many of their other Accounts at BLMIS including, but not limited to, Accounts 1S0306 and 1SH171. All actions undertaken by Shapiro relating to each of these Accounts fell within the scope of his responsibilities as agent, and Shapiro's knowledge of fraud at BLMIS was acquired based on facts that occurred within the scope of his agency relationship with the other Defendants. As an agent, Shapiro communicated with and provided direction to BLMIS regarding the Accounts.

96. Shapiro also exercised dominion and control over each of the Core Accounts as well as many of the other Accounts including, but not limited to, Accounts 1S0306 and 1SH171. He reviewed the monthly statements of these Accounts, directed the purported purchase and sale of securities reported in the Core Accounts, requested backdated and fraudulent trades in the Core Accounts, and had access to funds in the Core Accounts as well as many of the other Accounts including, but not limited to, Accounts 1S0306 and 1SH171. Shapiro formed S&R for the benefit of himself and his wife. He established the David Shapiro Trust and Leslie Shapiro

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Trust for his children's respective benefit. Shapiro served as a general partner of S&R and trustee for the David Shapiro Trust and Leslie Shapiro Trust. Shapiro made every major decision regarding the Core Accounts held by S&R, the David Shapiro Trust, and the Leslie Shapiro Trust. Given the above, Shapiro's knowledge of the fraud at BLMIS is imputed to each of the other Defendants.

## **CUSTOMER CLAIMS**

97. On December 23, 2008, this Court entered an Order on Application for Entry of an Order Approving Form and Manner of Publication and Mailing of Notices, Specifying Procedures for Filing, Determination and Adjudication of Claims, and Providing Other Relief ("Claims Procedures Order" (Adv. Pro. No. 08-01789, Docket No. 12)), setting forth certain procedures with respect to the filing of claims against the estate, including the time by which a claimant must file and serve any objection to the Trustee's determination of a claim.

98. On or about June 29, 2009, certain Defendants filed customer claims relating to certain of their Accounts ("Customer Claims"), which the Trustee designated as Claims # 012227, # 012228, # 012386, # 012387, and # 013658. These Customer Claims referenced Accounts 1SH172, 1SH014, 1S0306, 1SH028, and 1C1251, respectively. On or about June 30, 2009, certain Defendants filed two additional Customer Claims, which the Trustee designated as Claims # 015644 and # 015645, and which referenced Accounts 1SH171 and 1SH030, respectively. *See* Exhibit A.

99. On May 25, 2010, the Trustee issued a Notice of Trustee's Determination of
Claim (a "Claim Determination") denying Customer Claim # 013658, and on or about June 16,
2010, the Trustee issued a Claim Determination denying Customer Claims # 012227, # 012386,
# 012387, # 015644, and # 015645. On October 7, 2010, the Trustee issued a Claim

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Determination denying Customer Claim # 012228, and on November 10, 2010, the Trustee issued a revised Claim Determination denying Customer Claim # 012228.

100. On or about June 23, 2010, Kenneth Citron filed with the Court an objection to the Claim Determination for Customer Claim # 013658. On or about July 1, 2010, Kenneth Citron withdrew this objection and filed an amended objection to the Claim Determination for Customer Claim # 013658. The contested Customer Claim is pending.

101. Defendants filed no objections relating to the Claim Determinations for Customer Claims # 012227, # 012228, # 012386, # 012387, # 015644, and # 015645. Having failed to file an objection to the Trustee's Claim Determinations for Customer Claims # 012227, # 012228, # 012386, # 012386, # 012387, # 015644, and # 015645, the Trustee's Claim Determinations are final, and the Claims are disallowed for all purposes under the Claims Procedure Order.

102. Defendants Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children held Accounts 1S0540 and 1C1345 at BLMIS (collectively, the "Related Accounts"). Upon information and belief, the Related Accounts were funded with subsequent transfers of customer property from Defendants. Customer Claims relating to the Related Accounts were filed on March 3 and 4, 2009, which the Trustee designated as Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656, respectively. Because of a typographical error in Customer Claim # 005116, certain Defendants filed three additional Customer Claims related to Account 1C1345, which the Trustee designated as Customer Claims # 012211, # 012212, and # 012213 (together, with Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656, the "Related Account Customer Claims").

103. On December 17, 2010, the Trustee issued a Claim Determination denying Related Account Customer Claims # 012211, # 012212, and # 012213. Defendants filed no

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objections relating to these Claim Determinations, and under the Claims Procedures Order, the Claim Determinations are final and are disallowed for all purposes.

104. Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 are presently unresolved.

105. The Trustee seeks to have the contested and unresolved Customer Claim # 13658 and the Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 adjudicated in this proceeding.

## THE TRANSFERS

106. Prior to the Filing Date, BLMIS made payments or other transfers (collectively, the "Initial Transfers") to or for the benefit of Stanley Shapiro, Renee Shapiro, S&R, the LAD Trust, David Shapiro, the David Shapiro Trust, Leslie Shapiro, the Leslie Shapiro Trust, and Kenneth Citron (collectively, the "Initial Transferee Defendants") totaling \$53,778,486. Of this amount, \$50,398,126 constituted non-existent profits ("Fictitious Profits") supposedly earned in the Accounts, and \$3,380,360 constituted the return of principal. The Fictitious Profits received by the Initial Transferee Defendants were other people's money. The Initial Transfers include, but are not limited to, the transfers listed in Column 9 of the schedules attached as Exhibit B.

107. The Initial Transfers are avoidable and recoverable under §§ 544, 548, 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, applicable provisions of SIPA, particularly 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), applicable provisions of N.Y. C.P.L.R. 203(g) and 213(8) (McKinney 2001), and N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 273–279 (McKinney 2001).

108. Of the Initial Transfers, BLMIS made payments to or for the benefit of the Initial Transferee Defendants of at least \$41,066,486 during the six years prior to the Filing Date (the "Six Year Transfers"). Of the Six Year Transfers, \$39,939,486 constituted Fictitious Profits

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from the Ponzi scheme. The remaining \$1,127,000 constituted the return of principal. The Six Year Transfers are listed in Column 10 of the schedules attached as Exhibit B.

109. Of the Six Year Transfers, BLMIS made payments to or for the benefit of the Initial Transferee Defendants of at least \$9,482,424 during the two years prior to the Filing Date (the "Two Year Transfers"). Of the Two Year Transfers, \$9,475,424 constituted Fictitious Profits and \$7,000 constituted the return of principal. The Two Year Transfers are listed in Column 11 of the schedules attached at Exhibit B.

110. Based on the Trustee's investigation to date, the Initial Transferee Defendants subsequently transferred a portion of the \$53,778,486 received from BLMIS (the "Subsequent Transfers") to Defendants Stanley Shapiro, Renee Shapiro, LAD Trust, David Shapiro, David Shapiro Trust, Rachel Shapiro, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, Leslie Shapiro Citron, Leslie Shapiro Trust, Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, and Kenneth Citron (collectively, the "Subsequent Transferee Defendants"). To the extent the funds transferred from BLMIS were to or for the benefit of any of the Subsequent Transferee Defendants, said Subsequent Transferee Defendants are the initial transferees of such transfers and are included in the definition of the Initial Transferee Defendants for purposes of the allegations herein.

111. The Subsequent Transfers, or the value thereof, are recoverable from Subsequent Transferee Defendants pursuant to § 550(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

112. To the extent that any of the recovery counts may be inconsistent with each other, they are to be treated as being pleaded in the alternative.

113. The Trustee's investigation is ongoing and the Trustee reserves the right to(i) supplement the information regarding the Initial Transfers, the Subsequent Transfers and any additional transfers, and (ii) seek recovery of such additional transfers.

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## <u>COUNT ONE</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(A), 550, AND 551</u>

114. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

115. Each of the Two Year Transfers was made on or within two years before the Filing Date.

116. Each of the Two Year Transfers constituted a transfer of an interest of BLMIS in property within the meaning of §§ 101(54) and 548(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3).

117. Each of the Two Year Transfers was made by BLMIS with the actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud some or all of BLMIS's then existing or future creditors. BLMIS made the Two Year Transfers to or for the benefit of the Initial Transferee Defendants in furtherance of a fraudulent investment scheme.

118. Each of the Two Year Transfers constitutes a fraudulent transfer avoidable by the Trustee under 548(a)(1)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code and recoverable from the Initial Transferee Defendants under § 550(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-(2)(c)(3).

119. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(A), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Two Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Two Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Two Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS estate, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Two Year Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656

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against BLMIS until such time as the Two Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT TWO</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(B), 550, AND 551</u>

120. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

121. Each of the Two Year Transfers was made on or within two years before the Filing Date.

122. Each of the Two Year Transfers constitutes a transfer of an interest of BLMIS in property within the meaning of §§ 101(54) and 548(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3).

123. BLMIS received less than a reasonably equivalent value in exchange for each of the Two Year Transfers.

124. At the time of each of the Two Year Transfers, BLMIS was insolvent or became insolvent as a result of the Two Year Transfers.

125. At the time of each of the Two Year Transfers, BLMIS was engaged in a business or a transaction, or was about to engage in a business or a transaction, for which any property remaining with BLMIS was an unreasonably small amount of capital.

126. At the time of each of the Two Year Transfers, BLMIS intended to incur, or believed that it would incur, debts that would be beyond BLMIS's ability to pay as such debts matured.

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127. Each of the Two Year Transfers constitutes a fraudulent transfer avoidable by the Trustee under 548(a)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, which is recoverable from the Initial Transferee Defendants under § 550(a) and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-(2)(c)(3).

128. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(B), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Two Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Two Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Two Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS estate, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Two Year Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Two Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT THREE</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW</u> §§ 276, 276-a, 278 AND/OR 279 AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544, 550(a), AND 551

129. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

130. At all times relevant to the Six Year Transfers, there has been one or more creditors who has held and still holds matured or unmatured unsecured claims against BLMIS that are allowable under § 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or not allowable only under § 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

131. Each of the Six Year Transfers constituted a conveyance by BLMIS as defined under N.Y. Debt. & Cred. § 270.

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132. Each of the Six Year Transfers was made by BLMIS with the actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud the creditors of BLMIS. BLMIS made the Six Year Transfers to or for the benefit of the Initial Transferee Defendants in furtherance of a fraudulent investment scheme.

133. Each of the Six Year Transfers was received by the Initial Transferee Defendants with actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud creditors or future creditors of BLMIS at the time of each of the Six Year Transfers.

134. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 276, 276-a, 278, and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Six Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT FOUR</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW</u> §§ 273 AND 278 AND/OR 279 AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544, 550(a), AND 551

135. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of the Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

136. At all times relevant to the Six Year Transfers, there has been one or more creditors who has held and still holds matured or unmatured unsecured claims against BLMIS

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that are allowable under § 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or not allowable only under § 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

137. Each of the Six Year Transfers constituted a conveyance by BLMIS as defined under N.Y. Debt. & Cred. § 270.

138. BLMIS did not receive fair consideration for the Six Year Transfers.

139. BLMIS was insolvent at the time it made each of the Six Year Transfers or, in the alternative, BLMIS became insolvent as a result of each of the Six Year Transfers.

140. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 273, 278, and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS estate, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Six Year Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Six Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT FIVE</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW</u> §§274, 278 AND/OR 279 AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544, 550(a), AND 551

141. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of the Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

142. At all times relevant to the Six Year Transfers, there has been one or more creditors who has held and still holds matured or unmatured unsecured claims against BLMIS

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that are allowable under § 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or not allowable only under § 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

143. Each of the Six Year Transfers constituted a conveyance by BLMIS as defined under N.Y. Debt. & Cred. § 270.

144. BLMIS did not receive fair consideration for the Six Year Transfers.

145. At the time of each of the Six Year Transfers, BLMIS was engaged in a business or a transaction, or was about to engage in a business or a transaction, for which any property remaining with BLMIS was an unreasonably small amount of capital.

146. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 274, 278, and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Six Year Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Six Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT SIX</u> <u>FRAUDULENT TRANSFER – NEW YORK DEBTOR AND CREDITOR LAW</u> §§ 275, 278 AND/OR 279 AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544, 550(a), AND 551

147. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of the Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

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148. At all times relevant to the Six Year Transfers, there has been one or more creditors who has held and still holds matured or unmatured unsecured claims against BLMIS that are allowable under § 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or not allowable only under 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

149. Each of the Six Year Transfers constituted a conveyance by BLMIS as defined under N.Y. Debt. & Cred. § 270.

150. BLMIS did not receive fair consideration for the Six Year Transfers.

151. At the time BLMIS made each of the Six Year Transfers, BLMIS had incurred, was intending to incur, or believed that it would incur debts beyond its ability to pay as the debts matured.

152. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 275, 278, and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS estate, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Six Year Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Six Year Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

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## <u>COUNT SEVEN</u> <u>RECOVERY OF ALL FRAUDULENT TRANSFERS – NEW YORK CIVIL</u> <u>PROCEDURE LAW AND RULES 203(g), 213(8), NEW YORK DEBTOR</u> <u>AND CREDITOR LAW §§ 276, 276-a, 278 AND/OR 279,</u> <u>AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 544, 550(a), AND 551</u>

153. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

154. At all times relevant to the Initial Transfers, the fraudulent scheme perpetrated by BLMIS was not reasonably discoverable by at least one unsecured creditor of BLMIS.

155. At all times relevant to the Initial Transfers, there have been one or more creditors who have held and still hold matured or unmatured unsecured claims against BLMIS that are allowable under § 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or not allowable only under § 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

156. Each of the Initial Transfers prior to the six years before the Filing Date constituted a conveyance by BLMIS as defined under N.Y. Debt. & Cred. § 270.

157. Each of the Initial Transfers was made by BLMIS with the actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud the creditors of BLMIS. BLMIS made the Initial Transfers to or for the benefit of the Initial Transferee Defendants in furtherance of a fraudulent investment scheme.

158. Each of the Initial Transfers was received by the Initial Transferee Defendants with actual intent to hinder, delay, or defraud creditors or future creditors of BLMIS at the time of each of the Transfers.

159. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. C.P.L.R. 203(g), 213(8), N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 276, 276-a, 278 and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against the Initial Transferee Defendants: (a) avoiding and preserving the Initial Transfers, (b) directing that the Initial Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Initial Transfers, or the value thereof, from the

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Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS estate, (d) directing the Initial Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Transfers, (e) disallowing Customer Claim # 013658 and Related Account Customer Claims # 005116 and # 005656 against BLMIS until such time as the Initial Transfers are repaid to the Trustee, (f) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (g) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT EIGHT</u> <u>RECOVERY OF SUBSEQUENT TRANSFERS – NEW YORK DEBTOR AND</u> CREDITOR LAW §§ 276-a AND 278, AND 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a) AND 550(a)

160. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

161. Each of the Initial Transfers is avoidable under §§ 544 and 548 of the Bankruptcy Code, N.Y. Debt. & Cred.§§ 273-276, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3).

162. The Subsequent Transfers were transferred by the Initial Transferee Defendants to the Subsequent Transferee Defendants.

163. Each of the Subsequent Transfers was made directly or indirectly to one or more of the Subsequent Transferee Defendants.

164. The Subsequent Transferee Defendants are immediate or mediate transferees from the Initial Transferee Defendants.

165. The Subsequent Transferee Defendants received the Subsequent Transfers with knowledge of and/or willfully blind to BLMIS's fraudulent scheme.

166. As a result of the foregoing, and pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 278 and/or 279, § 550(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3), the Trustee is entitled to a judgment against Subsequent Transferee Defendants: (a) recovering the Subsequent Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Subsequent Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the BLMIS

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estate, (b) directing the Subsequent Transferee Defendants, to the extent allowable by law, to disgorge any and all profits relating to or arising from the Transfers, (c) awarding attorneys' fees and costs from the Subsequent Transferee Defendants, and (d) awarding any other relief the Court deems just and appropriate.

## <u>COUNT NINE</u> OBJECTION TO AND DISALLOWANCE OF CERTAIN CUSTOMER CLAIMS

167. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

168. Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, through their agent Shapiro, acted with knowledge of fraud at BLMIS at the time they invested with BLMIS. By their inequitable conduct, Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children enabled Madoff to perpetuate the fraud at BLMIS.

169. Alternatively, Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, through their agent Shapiro, acted with explicit awareness of numerous and serious indications of fraud at BLMIS, as described in this Second Amended Complaint.

170. By their conduct, and the conduct of Shapiro acting as their agent, Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children cannot assert that they justifiably relied on the fact that BLMIS was a legitimate business, and they do not have a claim for restitution or any other valid claim against the BLMIS estate.

171. As a result of Shapiro's, Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's conduct, as described above, and pursuant to § 502(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Trustee objects the Related Account Customer

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Claims and Customer Claim # 13658, which should be disallowed, not entitled to restitution of principal investments, and not entitled to equitable distribution from the BLMIS estate under § 502(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code.

## <u>COUNT TEN</u> <u>EQUITABLE SUBORDINATION OF DEFENDANTS' CUSTOMER CLAIMS</u>

172. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

173. Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, through their agent Shapiro, engaged in and benefitted from inequitable conduct, including the conduct described in this Second Amended Complaint, and benefited by the withdrawal of approximately \$54,472,654 in the years prior to the Filing Date.

174. Based on Shapiro's, Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's inequitable conduct, BLMIS's customers have been misled as to the true financial condition of BLMIS and have been induced to invest without knowledge of the actual facts regarding BLMIS's financial condition, and/or customers and creditors are less likely to recover the full amounts due to them.

175. Shapiro's, Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's conduct enabled Madoff to prolong the Ponzi scheme that resulted in injury to all customers and creditors of the BLMIS estate and conferred an unfair advantage on Defendants.

176. The Court should exercise the full extent of its equitable powers to ensure that claims, payments, or benefits, of whatever kind or nature, which are asserted or sought by Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children directly or indirectly against the estate—specifically the Related Account Customer Claims and

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Customer Claim # 13658, and only to the extent such claims are allowed— are subordinated for distribution purposes pursuant to §§ 510(c) and 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code to the allowed claims of all other customers and creditors of BLMIS.

177. Equitable subordination, as requested herein, is consistent with the provisions and purposes of the Bankruptcy Code.

## <u>COUNT ELEVEN</u> EQUITABLE DISALLOWANCE OF DEFENDANTS' CUSTOMER CLAIMS

178. The Trustee incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the previous paragraphs of this Second Amended Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.

179. Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, through their agent Shapiro, engaged in and benefited from inequitable conduct and acted with knowledge of fraudulent activity at BLMIS, including the conduct described in this Second Amended Complaint. By Shapiro's, Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's conduct, they have taken unconscionable advantage of, resulting in injury to, innocent customers and other creditors of the BLMIS estate.

180. Based upon Shapiro's, Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's failure to deal fairly and in good faith, as described above, all customers and other creditors of BLMIS have been injured, including by being: (a) misled as to the true financial condition of the debtor, (b) induced to invest with BLMIS without knowledge of BLMIS's financial condition, and (c) hindered and delayed in recovering the full amounts due to them. Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children, through their agent Shapiro, have further enabled Madoff to continue the Ponzi scheme.

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181. As Kenneth Citron's, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children's, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children's agent, Shapiro's conduct was so egregious that Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children should not be allowed to share in any equitable distribution made by the Trustee to innocent customers holding allowed claims against BLMIS.

182. The Court should exercise the full extent of its equitable powers to ensure that claims, payments, or benefits, of whatever kind or nature, which are asserted or sought by Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children against the estate, are disallowed.

183. Equitable disallowance is consistent with the provisions and purposes of the Bankruptcy Code.

**WHEREFORE**, the Trustee respectfully requests that this Court enter judgment in favor of the Trustee and against Defendants as follows:

*i.* On the First Claim for Relief, pursuant to §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(A), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and preserving the Two Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Two Year Transfers be set aside, and (c) recovering the Two Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS;

ii. On the Second Claim for Relief, pursuant to §§ 105(a), 502(d), 548(a)(1)(B),
550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and
preserving the Two Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Two Year Transfers be set aside, and
(c) recovering the Two Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee
Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS;

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*iii.* On the Third Claim for Relief, pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 105(a), 502(d), 276, 276-a, 278, and/or 279, §§ 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS, and (d) recovering attorneys' fees from the Initial Transferee Defendants;

*iv.* On the Fourth Claim for Relief, pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 273, 278, and/or 279, §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544(b), 550, and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C.
§ 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, and (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS;

v. On the Fifth Claim for Relief, pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 274, 278, and/or 279, §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544(b), 550, 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3):
(a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing the Six Year Transfers be set aside, and (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the state of BLMIS;

*vi.* On the Sixth Claim for Relief, pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 275, 278, and/or 279, §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544(b), 550, and 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and preserving the Six Year Transfers, (b) directing that the Six Year Transfers be set aside, and (c) recovering the Six Year Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS;

vii. On the Seventh Claim for Relief, pursuant to N.Y. C.P.L.R. 203(g) and 213(8),
N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 276, 276-a, 278 and/or 279, §§ 105(a), 502(d), 544(b), 550(a), and 551 of

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the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) avoiding and preserving the Initial Transfers, (b) directing that the Initial Transfers be set aside, (c) recovering the Initial Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Initial Transferee Defendants, and (d) recovering attorneys' fees;

*viii.* On the Eighth Claim for Relief, as a result of the avoidance of the within Transfers, pursuant to N.Y. Debt. & Cred. §§ 273-279, §§ 105(a) and 550(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, and 15 U.S.C. § 78fff-2(c)(3): (a) recovering the Subsequent Transfers, or the value thereof, from the Subsequent Transferee Defendants for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS and (b) recovering attorneys' fees from the Subsequent Transferee Defendants;

*ix.* On the Ninth Claim for Relief, sustaining the Trustee's objections to the Related Account Customer Claims and Customer Claim # 13658 pursuant to § 502(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and disallowing such claims pursuant to § 502(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code;

x. On the Tenth Claim for Relief, subordinating the Related Account Customer Claims and Customer Claim # 13658 for purposes of distribution to all allowed claims of BLMIS's customers and creditors due to Defendants' inequitable conduct pursuant to §§ 105(a) and 510(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, such that no claim of Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children is paid ahead of the allowed claim of any customer or creditor of BLMIS;

*xi.* On the Eleventh Claim for Relief, pursuant to this Court's equitable power, disallowing each and every claim that Kenneth Citron, Trust f/b/o David Shapiro's Children, and Trust f/b/o Leslie Shapiro Citron's Children assert against BLMIS, all of which are unlawful under principles of restitution and other applicable state law;

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*xii.* On all Claims for Relief, directing Defendants to disgorge to the Trustee all profits, including any and all compensation and/or remuneration received by Defendants related to, arising from, or concerning the Transfers from BLMIS to Defendants;

*xiii.* On all Claims for Relief, pursuant to federal common law and N.Y. C.P.L.R. 5001 and 5004, awarding the Trustee prejudgment interest from the date on which the Transfers were received;

*xiv.* On all Claims for Relief, establishment of a constructive trust over all Transfers and their proceeds, product, and offspring in favor of the Trustee for the benefit of the estate of BLMIS;

*xv.* On all Claims for Relief, assignment of Defendants' income tax refunds from the United States, state, and local governments paid on fictitious profits during the course of the scheme;

*xvi.* On all Claims for Relief, awarding the Trustee attorneys' fees, all applicable interest, costs, and disbursements of this action; and

*xvii.* Granting the Trustee such other, further, and different relief as the Court deems just, proper, and equitable.

Date: July 8, 2014 New York, New York

Of Counsel:

## **BAKER & HOSTETLER LLP**

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Attorneys for Irving H. Picard, Trustee for the substantively consolidated SIPA Liquidation of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC and the estate of Bernard L. Madoff

Exhibit A

BLMIS Account Name	BLMIS Account Number	Customer Filed Claim for Protection	Customer Objected to Determination	Trustee Seeks Disallowance Under 11 U.S.C. 502(d)
S & R INVESTMENT CO	103009			
LAD CO	103012			
LESLIE & DAVID SHAPIRO	103029			
STANLEY SHAPIRO TRUST	103033			
S & R INVESTMENT CO	103039			
RENEE SHAPIRO C/F DAVID B SHAPIRO <sup>[1]</sup>	103045			
RENEE SHAPIRO C/F LESLIE B SHAPIRO <sup>[1]</sup>	103046			
STANLEY SHAPIRO	103047			
S & R INVESTMENT CO ACCOUNT O	103058			
S & R INVESTMENT CO ACCOUNT H	103069			
KENNETH E CITRON	1C1214			
LESLIE SHAPIRO CITRON KENNETH CITRON J/T WROS	1C1251	<	*	~
KENNETH E CITRON LESLIE S CITRON CUSTODIANS FBO CITRON CHILDREN	1C1327			
TRUST FBO THE CHILDREN OF LESLIE B CITRON	1C1345	>		~
DAVID SHAPIRO	1S0306	<		
TRUST FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CHILDREN OF DAVID SHAPIRO	1S0540	~		~
S & R INVESTMENT CO	1SH014	~		
DAVID SHAPIRO RENEE SHAPIRO CUSTODIAN	1SH027			
DAVID SHAPIRO	1SH028	<		
LESLIE SHAPIRO CITRON KENNETH CITRON J/T WROS	1SH029			
LESLIE SHAPIRO CITRON	1SH030	~		
S & R INVESTMENT CO STANLEY SHAPIRO	1SH079			
LESLIE S CITRON	1SH171	>		
S & R INVESTMENT AND CO	1SH172	~		

#### Notes :

[1] There is no corresponding Exhibit B schedule for these accounts as these accounts were closed during June 1980 and therefore there was no activity in the accounts after March 31, 1981.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1030 BGS & 101 28 IMENT CO

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
3/31/1981	PRINCIPAL CREDIT MARCH 1981	1,027,213 [1]	1,027,213	-	-	-	1,027,213	-	-	-
4/10/1981	CHECK	(330,000)	-	(330,000)	-	-	697,213	(330,000)	-	-
5/4/1981	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	672,213	(25,000)	-	-
5/27/1981	TRANS TO S & R INV O ACCT	(317,526)	-	-	-	(317,526)	354,687	-	-	-
6/1/1981	TRANS TO O ACCT (103058)	(234,888)	-	-	-	(234,888)	119,799	-	-	-
6/5/1981	TRANS TO O ACCT (103058)	(49,498)	-	-	-	(49,498)	70,301	-	-	-
7/23/1981	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	45,301	(25,000)	-	-
2/17/1982	TRANSFER FROM S & R A (103039)	599,624 [2]	-	-	359,498	-	404,800	-	-	-
5/28/1982	CHECK	(30,000)	-	(30,000)	-	-	374,800	(30,000)	-	-
7/23/1982	TRANS TO H (103069)	(250,000)	-	-	-	(250,000)	124,800	-	-	-
10/27/1982	CHECK	(410,000)	-	(410,000)	-	-	(285,200)	(410,000)	-	-
10/27/1982	CHECK	(40,000)	-	(40,000)	-	-	(325,200)	(40,000)	-	-
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY> 103013 (1SH014)	n/a	-	-	-	325,200	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 1,027,213	\$ (860,000)	\$ 359,498	\$ (526,712)	\$-	\$ (860,000)	\$-	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Exhibit B sets forth a cash flow forensic analysis of the specified account(s) from March 1981 up to December 11, 2008, as applicable. Although records of BLMIS Customer Statements exist back to November 1978, the attached cash flow analysis provides the accountholder(s) with a beneficial presumption that the cash and securities on a historical cost basis in the account(s) as of March 1981 were principal and did not include any fictitious profits.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made into the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the originating account was transferred into this account on this date.

## 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B BLMIS ACCOUNT NB go 2010 fL 20800

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
3/31/1981	PRINCIPAL CREDIT MARCH 1981	215,265 [1]	215,265	-	-	-	215,265	-	-	-
4/10/1981	CHECK	(10,300)	-	(10,300)	-	-	204,965	(10,300)	-	-
12/17/1981	CHECK	6,250	6,250	-	-	-	211,215	-	-	-
4/7/1982	CHECK	(23,000)	-	(23,000)	-	-	188,215	(23,000)	-	-
4/12/1983	CHECK	(37,000)	-	(37,000)	-	-	151,215	(37,000)	-	-
6/24/1983	CHECK	(3,000)	-	(3,000)	-	-	148,215	(3,000)	-	-
8/2/1983	CHECK	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	-	-	142,215	(6,000)	-	-
4/6/1984	CHECK	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	-	-	136,215	(6,000)	-	-
4/6/1984	CHECK 4/23 CW	(4,000)	-	(4,000)	-	-	132,215	-	-	-
4/23/1984	[blank]	(4,000)	-	(4,000)	-	-	128,215	(4,000)	-	-
4/24/1984	CORRECT	4,000	-	4,000	-	-	132,215	-	-	-
5/29/1985	CHECK 04/17/85	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	32,215	-	-	-
5/31/1985	CANCEL 05/29/85 CHECK 4/17/85	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	132,215	-	-	-
4/1/1986	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	112,215	(20,000)	-	-
6/10/1986	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	87,215	(25,000)	-	-
12/10/1986	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	72,215	(15,000)	-	-
10/14/1987	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	52,215	(20,000)	-	-
4/7/1988	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	32,215	(20,000)	-	-
6/8/1988	CHECK	(30,000)	-	(30,000)	-	-	2,215	(30,000)	-	-
12/16/1988	CHECK	(30,000)	-	(30,000)	-	-	(27,785)	(30,000)	-	-
2/23/1990	TRANS TO D SHAPIRO (1SH024)	(83,806) [2]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
2/23/1990	TRANS TO L SHAPIRO (1SH030)	(83,806) [2]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
2/23/1990	TRANS TO (1SH028)	(83,806) [2]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
5/1/1990	TRANS FROM LESLIE SHAPIRO(1SH030)	1,144 [3]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
5/1/1990	TRANS FROM DAVID SHAPIRO (1SH024)	1,144 [3]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
5/1/1990	TRANS FROM (1SH028)	1,144 [3]	-	-	-	-	(27,785)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 221,515	\$ (249,300)	\$-	\$-	\$ (27,785)	\$ (249,300)	\$-	\$-

<sup>[1]</sup> Exhibit B sets forth a cash flow forensic analysis of the specified account(s) from March 1981 up to December 11, 2008, as applicable. Although records of BLMIS Customer Statements exist back to November 1978, the attached cash flow analysis provides the accountholder(s) with a beneficial presumption that the cash and securities on a historical cost basis in the account(s) as of March 1981 were principal and did not include any fictitious profits.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[3]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 103029 - Pg Esofe Bavid Shapiro

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
3/31/1981	PRINCIPAL CREDIT MARCH 1981	87,931	87,931	-	-	-	87,931	-	-	-
4/10/1981	CHECK	(11,700)	-	(11,700)	-	-	76,231	(11,700)	-	-
6/17/1981	CHECK	(2,500)	-	(2,500)	-	-	73,731	(2,500)	-	-
7/15/1983	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	58,731	(15,000)	-	-
12/23/1983	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	48,731	(10,000)	-	-
4/6/1984	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	43,731	(5,000)	-	-
6/12/1984	CHECK WASHINGTON NATL	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	28,731	(15,000)	-	-
8/16/1984	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	23,731	(5,000)	-	-
12/14/1984	CHECK	(12,000)	-	(12,000)	-	-	11,731	(12,000)	-	-
3/29/1985	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(3,269)	(15,000)	-	-
4/16/1985	CHECK	(6,000)	-	(6,000)	-	-	(9,269)	(6,000)	-	-
6/14/1985	TR TO LES SHAPIRO UID 6/6/85 (1SH029)	(46,073) [2	-	-	-	-	(9,269)	-	-	-
6/14/1985	TRS TO DAVID R SHAPIRO CUST (1SH027)	(46,073) [2	-	-	-	-	(9,269)	-	-	-
6/14/1985	TRS TO (1SH02	3) (46,073) <sup>[2</sup>		-	-	-	(9,269)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 87,931	\$ (97,200)	\$-	\$-	\$ (9,269)	\$ (97,200)	\$ -	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Exhibit B sets forth a cash flow forensic analysis of the specified account(s) from March 1981 up to December 11, 2008, as applicable. Although records of BLMIS Customer Statements exist back to November 1978, the attached cash flow analysis provides the accountholder(s) with a beneficial presumption that the cash and securities on a historical cost basis in the account(s) as of March 1981 were principal and did not include any fictitious profits.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 103033 (FORMER BG05449) ABNLEY SHAPIRO TRUST

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
3/31/1981	PRINCIPAL CREDIT MARCH 1981	75,000 <sup>[1]</sup>	75,000	-	-	-	75,000	-	-	-
6/10/1981	CHECK	(25,279)	-	(25,279)	-	-	49,721	(25,279)	-	-
1/6/1983	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(279)	(50,000)	-	-
2/4/1983	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(50,279)	(50,000)	-	-
3/7/1983	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	(75,279)	(25,000)	-	-
3/10/1983	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(150,279)	(75,000)	-	-
4/23/1984	TRANS FROM S & R (1SH014)	134,235	-	-	134,235	-	(16,043)	-	-	-
2/19/1985	TRANSFER FROM S & R (1SH014)	6	-	-	6	-	(16,037)	-	-	-
4/17/1985	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(116,037)	-	-	-
5/29/1985	CANCEL CHECK 4/17 WRONG ACCT	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	(16,037)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 75,000	\$ (225,279)	\$ 134,242	\$-	\$ (16,037)	\$ (225,279)	\$-	\$-

<sup>[1]</sup> Exhibit B sets forth a cash flow forensic analysis of the specified account(s) from March 1981 up to December 11, 2008, as applicable. Although records of BLMIS Customer Statements exist back to November 1978, the attached cash flow analysis provides the accountholder(s) with a beneficial presumption that the cash and securities on a historical cost basis in the account(s) as of March 1981 were principal and did not include any fictitious profits.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 103039 - S & RGN 5E91728T CO ACCOUNT A

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
3/31/1981	PRINCIPAL CREDIT MARCH 1981	459,943 [1]	459,943	-	-	-	459,943	-	-	-
12/18/1981	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	434,943	(25,000)	-	-
1/22/1982	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	409,943	(25,000)	-	-
2/17/1982	TRANSFER TO REG (1SH014)	(599,624) [2]	-	-	-	(359,498)	50,444	-	-	-
2/17/1982	TRANSFER TO O (1SH014)	(84,138) [2]	-	-	-	(50,444)	-	-	-	-
2/19/1982	TRAN FROM O (1SH014)	0	-	-	0	-	0	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 459,943	\$ (50,000)	\$0	\$ (409,943)	\$0	\$ (50,000)	\$-	\$-

<sup>[1]</sup> Exhibit B sets forth a cash flow forensic analysis of the specified account(s) from March 1981 up to December 11, 2008, as applicable. Although records of BLMIS Customer Statements exist back to November 1978, the attached cash flow analysis provides the accountholder(s) with a beneficial presumption that the cash and securities on a historical cost basis in the account(s) as of March 1981 were principal and did not include any fictitious profits.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made out of the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the account was transferred out of the account on this date.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Colu	mn 4	Co	lumn 5	Colu	ımn 6	Col	umn 7	Colu	nn 8	Colu	mn 9	Colu	mn 10	Co	lumn 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Ca <u>Dep</u>	ish <u>osits</u>		Cash Idrawals		fers of ipal In		isfers of ipal Out	Balan <u>Princ</u>		Tl <u>Tran</u>			ó-Year <u>isfers</u>		e 2-Year <u>cansfers</u>
2/16/1982	CHECK	(150,000)		-	(	(150,000)				-	(150	(000)		-		-		-
2/24/1982	CHECK CORRECT 2/16	150,000		-		150,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
		Total:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 103058 - S & RGN7EOFM28 T CO ACCOUNT O 10-05383-smb Exhibit B

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
5/27/1981	TRANS FROM S & R INV	317,526	-	-	317,526	-	317,526	-	-	-
6/1/1981	TRANSFER FROM S & R INV (103009)	234,888	-	-	234,888	-	552,414	-	-	-
6/5/1981	TRANSFER FROM TST (103009)	49,498	-	-	49,498	-	601,912	-	-	-
2/17/1982	TRANSFER FROM S & R A(103039)	84,138 [1]	-	-	50,444	-	652,356	-	-	-
2/19/1982	TRAN TO REG (103039)	(0)	-	-	-	(0)	652,356	-	-	-
2/24/1982	CHECK 2/16	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	502,356	(150,000)	-	-
3/19/1982	CHECK	475,000	475,000	-	-	-	977,356	-	-	-
5/27/1982	TRANSFER TO H ACCOUNT	(410,000)				(410,000)	567,356	-	-	-
8/10/1982	CHECK	(70,000)	-	(70,000)	-	-	497,356	(70,000)	-	-
12/13/1982	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	472,356	(25,000)	-	-
4/13/1983	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	422,356	(50,000)	-	-
6/16/1983	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	372,356	(50,000)	-	-
6/28/1983	CHECK RETURNED	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	422,356	-	-	-
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY> 103013 (1SH014)	n/a				(422,356)	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 525,000	\$ (345,000)	\$ 652,356	\$ (832,356)	\$-	\$ (345,000)	\$-	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made into the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the originating account was transferred into this account on this date.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
5/27/1982	TRANSFER FROM O ACCOUNT (103058)	410,000	-	-	410,000	-	410,000	-	-	-
7/23/1982	TRANS FROM TST (103009)	250,000	-	-	250,000	-	660,000	-	-	-
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY> 103013 (1SH014)	n/a	-	-	-	(660,000)	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 660,000	\$ (660,000)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1C1219- REQUERENCE E CITRON

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
6/1/1994	CHECK	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-	-	-
10/11/1994	CHECK	(4,500)	-	(4,500)	-	-	95,500	(4,500)	-	-
1/6/1995	TRANS TO 1SH02910 (1SH029)	(103,680) [1]	-	-	-	(95,500)	-	-	-	-
1/11/1995	TRANS TO SH02910 (1SH029)	(5) [2]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2/28/1995	TRANS TO 1SH02910 (1SH029)	(68) [2]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 100,000	\$ (4,500)	\$-	\$ (95,500)	\$-	\$ (4,500)	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -

[1] Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made out of the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the account was transferred out of the account on this date.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1C1251 - LESLIE SHR CONTROL OT ROTAR NO. 1C1251 - LESLIE SHR CONTROL OT ROTAR SHARE SHOW AND A SHARE SHARE SHOW AND A SHARE SHARE SHARE SHOW AND A SHARE SHA

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
5/29/1997	TRANS FROM 1SH02910 (1SH029)	425,746 [1]	-	-	27,000	-	27,000	-	-	-
12/16/2003	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	7,000	(20,000)	(20,000)	-
5/19/2006	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(93,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
11/8/2007	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(193,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
11/27/2007	CHECK	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	(93,000)	-	-	-
5/19/2008	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(143,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
		Total:	\$ 100,000	\$ (270,000)	\$ 27,000	\$-	\$ (143,000)	\$ (270,000)	\$ (270,000)	\$ (150,000)

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made into the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the originating account was transferred into this account on this date.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1C1327 - KENNETH E CITRON IEG.11 1 COIR 28 CUSTODIANS FBO CITRON CHILDREN

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
2/24/2004	CHECK	200,000	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-	-	-
7/20/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	210,000	-	-	-
7/20/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	220,000	-	-	-
11/1/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	230,000	-	-	-
11/1/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	240,000	-	-	-
12/1/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	250,000	-	-	-
12/1/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	260,000	-	-	-
12/9/2004	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	270,000	-	-	-
7/19/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	280,000	-	-	-
7/19/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	290,000	-	-	-
10/28/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	300,000	-	-	-
10/28/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	310,000	-	-	-
10/28/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	320,000	-	-	-
10/28/2005	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	330,000	-	-	-
7/20/2006	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	342,000	-	-	-
7/20/2006	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	354,000	-	-	-
10/31/2006	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	366,000	-	-	-
10/31/2006	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	378,000	-	-	-
11/6/2006	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	388,000	-	-	-
11/6/2006	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	398,000	-	-	-
11/6/2006	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	408,000	-	-	-
11/6/2006	CHECK	10,000	10,000	-	-	-	418,000	-	-	-
7/17/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	430,000	-	-	-
7/17/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	442,000	-	-	-
9/26/2007	TRANS TO 1C134530 (1C1345)	(578,673) [1]	-	-	-	(442,000)	-	-	-	-
1/10/2008	TRANS TO 1C134530 (1C1345)	(286) [2]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 442,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (442,000)	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made out of the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the account was transferred out of the account on this date.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1C1345 - TRUST FBO THE CHILDR COLD SO THE CHILDR COLOR SO THE CHILDR SO THE CHILDR

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
9/26/2007	TRANS FROM 1C132730 (1C1327)	578,673 [1]	-	-	442,000	-	442,000		-	-
11/28/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	454,000	-	-	-
11/28/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	466,000	-	-	-
11/28/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	478,000	-	-	-
11/28/2007	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	490,000	-	-	-
1/10/2008	TRANS FROM 1C132730 (1C1327)	286 [2]	-	-	-	-	490,000	-	-	-
7/29/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	502,000	-	-	-
7/29/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	514,000	-	-	-
11/12/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	526,000	-	-	-
11/12/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	538,000	-	-	-
11/12/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	550,000	-	-	-
11/12/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	562,000	-	-	-
11/17/2008	CHECK RETURNED	(12,000)	(12,000)	-	-	-	550,000	-	-	-
11/21/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	562,000	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 120,000	\$-	\$ 442,000	\$ -	\$ 562,000	\$-	\$ -	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made into the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the originating account was transferred into this account on this date.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

#### 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit В вылия ассоилт по Перена Зо Фладарико

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
5/29/1997	TRANS FROM 1SH02710 (1SH027)	235,161	ı _	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10/29/1997	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(10,000)	(10,000)	-	-
7/6/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(20,000)	(10,000)	-	-
3/6/2002	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(25,000)	(5,000)	-	-
4/24/2003	TRANS FROM 1SH02830 (1SH028)	2,630,000	ı -	-	-	-	(25,000)	-	-	-
8/25/2003	CHECK WIRE	(520,000)	-	(520,000)	-	-	(545,000)	(520,000)	(520,000)	-
8/25/2003	TRANS FROM 1SH17230 (1SH172)	510.000	ı _	-	-	-	(545,000)	-	-	-
9/26/2003	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	(565,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	-
12/9/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(575,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
1/20/2004	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(580,000)	(5,000)	(5,000)	-
4/8/2004	CHECK	(72,091)	-	(72,091)	-	-	(652,091)	(72,091)	(72,091)	-
7/7/2004	CHECK	(109,869)	-	(109,869)	-	-	(761,960)	(109,869)	(109,869)	-
10/7/2004	CHECK	(91,588)	-	(91,588)	-	-	(853,547)	(91,588)	(91,588)	-
1/7/2005	CHECK	(69,227)	-	(69,227)	-	-	(922,775)	(69,227)	(69,227)	-
4/7/2005	CHECK	(71,676)	-	(71,676)	-	-	(994,451)	(71,676)	(71,676)	-
7/7/2005	CHECK	(74,721)	-	(74,721)	-	-	(1,069,172)	(74,721)	(74,721)	-
10/7/2005	CHECK	(67,733)	-	(67,733)	-	-	(1,136,905)	(67,733)	(67,733)	-
12/1/2005	TRANS FROM 1SH02830 (1SH028)	2,550,900	<sup>]</sup> -	-	-	-	(1,136,905)	-	-	-
12/13/2005	CHECK WIRE	(2,500,000)	-	(2,500,000)	-	-	(3,636,905)	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	-
1/9/2006	CHECK	(113,904)	-	(113,904)	-	-	(3,750,808)	(113,904)	(113,904)	-
4/7/2006	CHECK	(85,828)	-	(85,828)	-	-	(3,836,636)	(85,828)	(85,828)	-
7/10/2006	CHECK	(95,120)	-	(95,120)	-	-	(3,931,756)	(95,120)	(95,120)	-
10/6/2006	CHECK	(168,112)	-	(168,112)	-	-	(4,099,868)	(168,112)	(168,112)	-
1/8/2007	CHECK	(89,274)	-	(89,274)	-	-	(4,189,142)	(89,274)	(89,274)	(89,274)
4/4/2007	CHECK	(78,145)	-	(78,145)	-	-	(4,267,286)	(78,145)	(78,145)	(78,145)
7/6/2007	CHECK	(102,073)	-	(102,073)	-	-	(4,369,359)	(102,073)	(102,073)	(102,073)
10/4/2007	CHECK	(107,972)	-	(107,972)	-	-	(4,477,331)	(107,972)	(107,972)	(107,972)
1/8/2008	CHECK	(84,069)	-	(84,069)	-	-	(4,561,400)	(84,069)	(84,069)	(84,069)
2/20/2008	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(4,661,400)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
4/7/2008	CHECK	(41,265)	-	(41,265)	-	-	(4,702,665)	(41,265)	(41,265)	(41,265)
5/1/2008	CHECK	(35,000)	-	(35,000)	-	-	(4,737,665)	(35,000)	(35,000)	(35,000)
6/5/2008	CHECK	(35,000)	-	(35,000)	-	-	(4,772,665)	(35,000)	(35,000)	(35,000)
7/7/2008	CHECK	(181,098)	-	(181,098)	-	-	(4,953,763)	(181,098)	(181,098)	(181,098)
9/17/2008	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(5,003,763)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
10/1/2008	TRANS FROM 1SH17230 (1SH172)	3,000,000	- 1	-	-	-	(5,003,763)	-		-
10/6/2008	CHECK	(50,226)	-	(50,226)	-	-	(5,053,989)	(50,226)	(50,226)	(50,226)
10/20/2008	CHECK	(60,000)	-	(60,000)	-	-	(5,113,989)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)
		Total:	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (5,113,989)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,113,989)	\$ (5,113,989)	\$ (5,088,989)	\$ (1,014,121)

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 180540 - TRUST FOR THE BENEFIT FGHL 4HOD 28 OF DAVID SHAPIRO C/O DAVID SHAPIRO

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
9/11/2007	TRANS FROM 1SH17230 (1SH172)	100,000 [1]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9/20/2007	CHECK WIRE	104,421	104,421	-	-	-	104,421	-	-	-
2/28/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	116,421	-	-	-
2/28/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	128,421		-	-
2/28/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	140,421	-	-	-
2/28/2008	CHECK	12,000	12,000	-	-	-	152,421	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 152,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,421	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

# 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH014 (FORMERLY 10 伊姆-基5 10 校28) MENT CO STANLEY SHAPIRO

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY FROM 103009	(325,200)	-	-	(325,200)	-	(325,200)	-	-	-
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY FROM 103058	422,356	-	-	422,356	-	97,156	-	-	-
6/30/1983	CONSOLIDATION ENTRY FROM 103069	660,000	-	-	660,000	-	757,156	-	-	-
7/1/1983	CANCEL 06/28	(50,000)	(50,000)	-	-	-	707,156	-	-	-
7/8/1983	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	657,156	(50,000)	-	-
8/11/1983	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	557,156	(100,000)	-	-
4/23/1984	TRANS TO S SHAPIRO TST (103033)	(134,235)	-	-	-	(134,235)	422,920	-	-	-
7/23/1984	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	372,920	(50,000)	-	-
9/26/1984	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	322,920	(50,000)	-	-
12/3/1984	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	272,920	(50,000)	-	-
1/28/1985	CHECK	(25,000)		(25,000)			247,920	(25,000)		
1/30/1985	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	222,920	(25,000)	-	-
2/1/1985	CHECK RETURNED A/O 01/28	25,000		25,000			247,920	25,000		
2/19/1985	TRANS TO STANLEY SHAPIRO TST (103033)	(6)		25,000		(6)	247,914	23,000		
3/29/1985	CHECK	(70,000)		(70,000)		-	177,914	(70,000)		
4/8/1985	CHECK	(532,000)		(532,000)	-		(354,086)	(532,000)	-	-
5/31/1985	CHECK 04/17/85	(100,000)		(100,000)			(454,086)	(100,000)		-
6/28/1985	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(504,086)	(50,000)	-	_
9/18/1985	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)			(554,086)	(50,000)		-
11/29/1985	CHECK	(50,000)		(50,000)		-	(604,086)	(50,000)	-	
1/17/1986	CHECK	(125,000)	-	(125,000)	-		(729,086)	(125,000)		-
4/1/1986	CHECK	(125,000)	-	(125,000)	-	-	(904,086)	(125,000)	-	-
4/1/1986 6/2/1986	CHECK	(173,000)	-	(175,000)	-	-	(904,086)	(173,000)	-	-
8/26/1986	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,004,086)	(50,000)	-	-
8/26/1986 12/1/1986	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-		(1,054,086)		-	-
4/7/1987	CHECK		-	(50,000)	-	-		(50,000)	-	-
		(50,000)	-		-	-	(1,104,086)	(50,000)	-	-
7/15/1987	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,154,086)	(50,000)	-	-
10/14/1987	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,204,086)	(50,000)	-	-
12/4/1987	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,254,086)	(50,000)	-	-
1/29/1988	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(1,329,086)	(75,000)	-	-
4/7/1988	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-		(1,379,086)	(50,000)	-	-
9/6/1988	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,429,086)	(50,000)	-	-
12/16/1988	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(1,529,086)	(100,000)	-	-
3/3/1989	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(1,604,086)	(75,000)	-	-
5/11/1989	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,654,086)	(50,000)	-	-
8/30/1989	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,704,086)	(50,000)	-	-
11/14/1989	CHECK	(50,000)		(50,000)	-	-	(1,754,086)	(50,000)	-	-
1/18/1990	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,804,086)	(50,000)	-	-
3/15/1990	CHECK	(100,000)		(100,000)	-	-	(1,904,086)	(100,000)	-	-
6/6/1990	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(1,954,086)	(50,000)	-	-
9/7/1990	CHECK	(50,000)		(50,000)	-	-	(2,004,086)	(50,000)	-	-
12/11/1990	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(2,054,086)	(50,000)	-	-
2/6/1991	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(2,104,086)	(50,000)	-	-
4/17/1991	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(2,204,086)	(100,000)	-	-
8/2/1991	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(2,254,086)	(50,000)		-
11/5/1991	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(2,304,086)	(50,000)	-	-

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
1/6/1992	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-	-	(2,379,086)	(75,000)	-	-
4/6/1992	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(2,454,086)	(75,000)	-	-
6/25/1992	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(2,529,086)	(75,000)	-	-
9/29/1992	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(2,629,086)	(100,000)	-	-
1/6/1993	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(2,729,086)	(100,000)	-	-
3/4/1993	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(2,804,086)	(75,000)	-	-
5/7/1993	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(2,879,086)	(75,000)	-	-
8/3/1993	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(2,954,086)	(75,000)	-	-
11/3/1993	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,029,086)	(75,000)	-	-
1/10/1994	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,104,086)	(75,000)	-	-
3/23/1994	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-		(3,179,086)	(75,000)	-	
6/2/1994	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,254,086)	(75,000)	-	-
9/8/1994	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,329,086)	(75,000)	-	-
11/22/1994	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(3,379,086)	(50,000)	-	-
1/6/1995	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-		(3,454,086)	(75,000)	-	
4/12/1995	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,529,086)	(75,000)	-	-
7/3/1995	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-		(3,604,086)	(75,000)	-	
10/3/1995	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(3,679,086)	(75,000)	-	-
11/24/1995	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-		(3,754,086)	(75,000)		
1/18/1996	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(3,829,086)	(75,000)		
4/2/1996	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-		(3,904,086)	(75,000)		
6/5/1996	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(3,979,086)	(75,000)		
8/14/1996	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-		(4,054,086)	(75,000)		
9/26/1996	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	_	-	(4,129,086)	(75,000)		-
12/2/1996	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(4,204,086)	(75,000)		
1/9/1997	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	_		(4,279,086)	(75,000)	-	
3/5/1997	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-		(4,354,086)	(75,000)		
4/7/1997	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(4,429,086)	(75,000)		
5/15/1997	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(4,504,086)	(75,000)		
7/7/1997	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(4,579,086)	(75,000)		
9/22/1997	CHECK	(150,000)		(150,000)	-		(4,729,086)	(150,000)		
11/26/1997	CHECK	(150,000)		(150,000)	_		(4,879,086)	(150,000)	-	
1/23/1998	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	-		(4,954,086)	(75,000)		
4/6/1998	CHECK	(100,000)		(100,000)	_		(5,054,086)	(100,000)	-	
5/4/1998	CHECK	(100,000)		(100,000)	-		(5,154,086)	(100,000)		
7/1/1998	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)	_		(5,229,086)	(75,000)	-	-
9/1/1998	CHECK	(75,000)		(75,000)			(5,304,086)	(75,000)		
11/4/1998	CHECK	(100,000)		(100,000)	-		(5,404,086)	(100,000)		
12/14/1998	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-		(5,454,086)	(50,000)		-
2/8/1999	CHECK	(50,000)		(50,000)	-		(5,504,086)	(50,000)	-	
3/3/1999	CHECK	(75,000)	-	(75,000)	-	-	(5,579,086)	(75,000)	-	-
6/14/1999	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(5,729,086)	(150,000)	-	-
8/24/1999	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(5,829,086)	(100,000)	-	-
8/24/1999 10/28/1999	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)			(5,979,086)	(150,000)		-
2/3/2000	CHECK	(130,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(6,079,086)	(100,000)	-	-
4/12/2000	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(6,229,086)	(150,000)	-	-
+/12/2000	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(0,229,000)	(150,000)	-	-

Exhibit B

## 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH014 (FORMERLY 10 伊姆-基译的校验) The state of the state of

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3 Transaction Amount	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
7/13/2000	CHECK	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(6,429,086)	(200,000)	-	-
10/3/2000	CHECK	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(6,629,086)	(200,000)	-	-
1/11/2001	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(6,729,086)	(100,000)	-	-
2/2/2001	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(6,879,086)	(150,000)	-	-
4/4/2001	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(7,129,086)	(250,000)	-	-
5/14/2001	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(7,229,086)	(100,000)	-	-
7/10/2001	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(7,329,086)	(100,000)	-	-
9/11/2001	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(7,429,086)	(100,000)	-	-
12/3/2001	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(7,579,086)	(150,000)	-	-
2/7/2002	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(7,829,086)	(250,000)	-	-
4/4/2002	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(8,079,086)	(250,000)	-	-
7/9/2002	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(8,329,086)	(250,000)	-	-
10/2/2002	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(8,579,086)	(250,000)	-	-
12/11/2002	CHECK	(600,000)	-	(600,000)	-	-	(9,179,086)	(600,000)	(600,000)	-
4/15/2003	CHECK WIRE	(7,500,000)	-	(7,500,000)	-	-	(16,679,086)	(7,500,000)	(7,500,000)	-
4/24/2003	TRANS TO 1SH17230 (1SH172)	(5,625,000) [1]	-	-	-	-	(16,679,086)	-	-	-
1/7/2004	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(16,779,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
3/5/2004	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(16,879,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
3/9/2004	STOP PAYMENT	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	(16,779,086)	100,000	100,000	-
3/9/2004	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(16,879,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
4/15/2004	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(16,979,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
6/21/2004	CHECK WIRE	(4,000,000)	-	(4,000,000)	-	-	(20,979,086)	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)	-
7/27/2004	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(21,129,086)	(150,000)	(150,000)	-
10/4/2004	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(21,329,086)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
11/18/2004	CHECK WIRE	(300,000)	-	(300,000)	-	-	(21,629,086)	(300,000)	(300,000)	-
2/25/2005	CHECK WIRE	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	-	-	(22,129,086)	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
4/11/2005	CHECK WIRE	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	-	-	(22,629,086)	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
7/12/2005	CHECK WIRE	(500,000)	-	(500,000)	-	-	(23,129,086)	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
10/11/2005	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(23,329,086)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
12/1/2005	TRANS TO 1SH17230 (1SH172)	(4,247,000) [1]	-	-	-	-	(23,329,086)	-	-	-
5/2/2006	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(23,529,086)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
7/14/2006	CHECK WIRE	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(23,629,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
12/13/2006	CHECK	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(23,829,086)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
4/5/2007	CHECK WIRE	(2,000,000)	-	(2,000,000)	-	-	(25,829,086)	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
9/26/2007	TRANS TO 1SH07930 (1SH079)	(14,734,119) [1]	-	-	-	-	(25,829,086)	-	-	-
9/26/2007	TRANS FROM 1SH07930 (1SH079)	1,575,000 [2]	-	-	-	-	(25,829,086)	-	-	-
4/11/2008	CHECK WIRE	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(25,929,086)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
5/1/2008	TRANS TO 1SH17230 (1SH172)	(10,000,000) [1]	-	-	-	-	(25,929,086)	-	-	-
7/1/2008	TRANS TO 1SH17230 (1SH172)	(3,000,000) [1]		-	-	-	(25,929,086)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ (50,000)	\$ (26,502,000)	\$ 757,156	\$ (134,242)	\$ (25,929,086)	\$ (26,502,000)	\$ (17,350,000)	\$ (2,300,000)

[1] Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

## 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B вымія ассоинт но. ізно27 (formerly 1030 Ф. GD 1030 Ф. GD

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	С	olumn 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date		Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>		Cash thdrawals	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
6/14/1985	TRS FR	DAVID & LES SHAPIRO (103029)	46,073 [1]	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10/7/1985	CHECK		(2,000)	-		(2,000)	-	-	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	-
3/27/1987	CHECK		(5,000)	-		(5,000)	-	-	(7,000)	(5,000)	-	-
7/27/1987	CHECK		(7,000)	-		(7,000)	-	-	(14,000)	(7,000)	-	-
2/8/1988	CHECK		(3,000)	-		(3,000)	-	-	(17,000)	(3,000)	-	-
11/9/1988	CHECK		(5,000)	-		(5,000)	-	-	(22,000)	(5,000)	-	-
12/20/1989	CHECK		(5,000)	-		(5,000)	-	-	(27,000)	(5,000)	-	-
9/4/1991	CHECK		(10,000)	-		(10,000)	-	-	(37,000)	-	-	-
9/11/1991	CANCEL 9/4/9	1	10,000	-		10,000	-	-	(27,000)	-	-	-
1/17/1992	CHECK		(5,000)	-		(5,000)	-	-	(32,000)	(5,000)	-	-
4/15/1992	CHECK		(7,500)	-		(7,500)	-	-	(39,500)	(7,500)	-	-
5/19/1993	CHECK		(10,000)	-		(10,000)	-	-	(49,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/12/1993	CHECK		(10,000)	-		(10,000)	-	-	(59,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/14/1994	CHECK		(10,000)	-		(10,000)	-	-	(69,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/12/1995	CHECK		(10,000)	-		(10,000)	-	-	(79,500)	(10,000)	-	-
5/29/1997	TRANS TO 1S	030630 (150306)	(235,161) [2]	-		-	-	-	(79,500)	-	-	-
5/30/1997	CHECK		(3,000)	-		(3,000)	-	-	(82,500)	(3,000)	-	-
			Total:	\$-	\$	(82,500)	\$-	\$-	\$ (82,500)	\$ (82,500)	\$-	\$-

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

[2] Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

# 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B вымія ассоинт но. 19но28 (formerly 103**Rg**-**1**.940**5** (Fo

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
2/23/1990	TRANS FROM LAD (103012)	83,806 [1]	_			_				
3/15/1990	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	-
5/1/1990	TRANS TO LAD ACCT (103012)	(1,144) [2]		-		-	(15,000)	-		
2/6/1991	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(30,000)	(15,000)	-	-
8/2/1991	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)			(40,000)	(10,000)		
6/25/1992	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(50,000)	(10,000)	-	-
1/6/1993	CHECK	(35,000)	-	(35,000)	-	-	(85,000)	(35,000)		
3/4/1993	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	(110,000)	(25,000)	-	-
8/3/1993	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(117,500)	(7,500)	-	-
6/2/1994	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(132,500)	(15,000)	-	-
9/8/1994	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(147,500)	(15,000)	-	-
2/7/1995	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-		(167,500)	(20,000)	-	-
7/13/1995	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(177,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/3/1995	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(187,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/18/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(197,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/2/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-		(207,500)	(10,000)		
6/5/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(217,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-		(227,500)	(10,000)		-
1/2/1997	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(237,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/1/1997	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(247,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(252,500)	(5,000)	-	-
8/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(257,500)	(5,000)	-	-
9/2/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(262,500)	(5,000)	-	-
10/1/1997 11/3/1997	CHECK CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(267,500)	(5,000)	-	-
12/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000) (5,000)	-	(5,000) (5,000)	-	-	(272,500) (277,500)	(5,000) (5,000)	-	-
1/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(285,000)	(7,500)	-	-
2/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)		(7,500)			(292,500)	(7,500)		
3/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)			(300,000)	(7,500)		
4/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)		-	(307,500)	(7,500)	-	
5/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-		(315,000)	(7,500)		
6/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(322,500)	(7,500)	-	-
7/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-		(330,000)	(7,500)		-
8/3/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(337,500)	(7,500)	-	-
9/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(345,000)	(7,500)	-	-
10/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(352,500)	(7,500)	-	-
11/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(360,000)	(7,500)	-	-
12/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(367,500)	(7,500)	-	-
1/4/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(375,000)	(7,500)	-	-
2/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(382,500)	(7,500)	-	-
3/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(390,000)	(7,500)	-	-
4/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(397,500)	(7,500)	-	-
5/3/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(405,000)	(7,500)	-	-
6/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(412,500)	(7,500)		

# 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B вымія ассоинт но. 18нога (formerly 103**Rg**-2010) в 2010 в 20100 в 2010 в 20100 в 2010 в 2010 в 2010 в 20100 в 201000

Column 1		Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>		Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
7/1/1999	CHECK		(7,500)		(7,500)	-	_	(420,000)	(7,500)	_	_
8/2/1999	CHECK		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(427,500)	(7,500)	-	-
9/1/1999	CHECK		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(435,000)	(7,500)	-	-
10/1/1999	CHECK		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(442,500)	(7,500)	-	-
11/1/1999	CHECK		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(450,000)	(7,500)	-	-
12/1/1999	CHECK		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(457,500)	(7,500)	-	-
1/3/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(467,500)	(10,000)	-	-
2/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(477,500)	(10,000)	-	-
3/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(487,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/3/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(497,500)	(10,000)	-	-
5/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(507,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(517,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/3/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(527,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(537,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(547,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/2/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(557,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(567,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/1/2000	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(577,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/2/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(587,500)	(10,000)	-	-
2/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(597,500)	(10,000)	-	-
3/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(607,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/2/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(617,500)	(10,000)	-	-
5/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(627,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(637,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/2/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(647,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(657,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/4/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(667,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(677,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(687,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/3/2001	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(697,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/2/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(707,500)	(10,000)	-	-
2/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(717,500)	(10,000)	-	
3/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(727,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(737,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/4/2002	CHECK		(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(787,500)	(50,000)	-	-
5/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(797,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/3/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(807,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(817,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(827,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/3/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(837,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(847,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(857,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/2/2002	CHECK		(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(867,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/18/2002	CHECK		(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-		(967,500)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH028 (FORMERLY 103 Rg - 2 Avio \$128 ro attn: Stanley Shapiro

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
4/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(977,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
4/15/2003	CHECK WIRE	(1,200,000)	-	(1,200,000)	-	-	(2,177,500)	(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)	-
4/24/2003	TRANS TO 1S030630 (1S0306)	(2,630,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	(2, 177, 500)	-	-	-
5/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,187,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
6/2/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,197,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
7/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,207,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
8/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,217,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
9/2/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,227,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
10/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,237,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
11/3/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,247,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
12/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,257,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
1/2/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,267,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
2/2/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,277,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
3/1/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,287,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
12/1/2005	TRANS TO 1S030630 (1S0306)	(2,550,900) [2]	-	-	-	-	(2,287,500)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ -	\$ (2,287,500)	\$-	\$-	\$ (2,287,500)	\$ (2,287,500)	\$ (1,420,000)	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH029 (FORMERLY 103046) - PGLI 2 21 AD TRON KENNETH CITRON J/T WROS

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
6/14/1985	TRS FR DAVID & LES SHAPIRO (103029)	46,073 [1]	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
10/7/1985	CHECK	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	-	-	(2,000)	(2,000)	-	-
3/27/1987	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(7,000)	(5,000)	-	-
7/27/1987	CHECK	(7,000)	-	(7,000)	-	-	(14,000)	(7,000)	-	-
2/8/1988	CHECK	(3,000)	-	(3,000)	-	-	(17,000)	(3,000)	-	-
11/9/1988	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(22,000)	(5,000)	-	-
12/20/1989	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(27,000)	(5,000)	-	-
9/4/1991	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(37,000)	-	-	-
9/11/1991	CANCEL 9/4/91	10,000	-	10,000	-	-	(27,000)	-	-	-
1/17/1992	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(32,000)	(5,000)	-	-
5/6/1992	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(39,500)	(7,500)	-	-
5/19/1993	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(49,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/12/1993	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(59,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/14/1994	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(69,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/16/1994	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(84,500)	(15,000)	-	-
1/6/1995	TRANS FROM 1C121430 (1C1214)	103,680 [2]	-	-	95,500	-	11,000	-	-	-
1/11/1995	TRANS FROM 1C121430 (1C1214)	5 [1]	-	-	-	-	11,000	-	-	-
2/28/1995	TRANS FROM 1C121430 (1C1214)	68 [1]	-	-	-	-	11,000	-	-	-
3/22/1995	CHECK	43,000	43,000	-	-	-	54,000	-	-	-
4/12/1995	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	49,000	(5,000)	-	-
5/15/1996	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	34,000	(15,000)	-	-
4/29/1997	CHECK	(7,000)	-	(7,000)	-	-	27,000	(7,000)	-	-
5/29/1997	TRANS TO 1C125130 (1C1251)	(425,746) [3]	-	-	-	(27,000)	-	-	-	-
		Total:	\$ 43,000	\$ (111,500)	\$ 95,500	\$ (27,000)	\$-	\$ (111,500)	\$-	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made into the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the originating account was transferred into this account on this date.

<sup>[3]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that a larger transfer was made out of the account on this date, a portion of the "transferred" funds consisted of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus could not have been transferred. Accordingly, only the principal remaining in the account was transferred out of the account on this date.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
2/23/1990	TRANS FROM LAD (103012)	83,806 [1]	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
3/15/1990	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(15,000)	(15,000)	-	-
5/1/1990	TRANS TO LAD ACCT (103012)	(1,144) [2]	_	_	-		(15,000)	_		-
2/6/1991	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(30,000)	(15,000)	-	-
8/2/1991	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(40,000)	(10,000)	-	-
6/25/1992	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(50,000)	(10,000)		-
1/6/1993	CHECK	(35,000)	-	(35,000)	-	-	(85,000)	(35,000)	-	-
3/4/1993	CHECK	(25,000)	-	(25,000)	-	-	(110,000)	(25,000)	-	-
8/3/1993	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(117,500)	(7,500)	-	-
6/2/1994	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(132,500)	(15,000)	-	-
9/8/1994	CHECK	(15,000)	-	(15,000)	-	-	(147,500)	(15,000)	-	-
2/7/1995	CHECK	(20,000)	-	(20,000)	-	-	(167,500)	(20,000)	-	-
7/13/1995	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(177,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/3/1995	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(187,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/18/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(197,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/2/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(207,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/5/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(217,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/1996	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(227,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/2/1997	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(237,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/1/1997	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(247,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(252,500)	(5,000)	-	-
8/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(257,500)	(5,000)	-	-
9/2/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(262,500)	(5,000)	-	-
10/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(267,500)	(5,000)	-	-
11/3/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(272,500)	(5,000)	-	-
12/1/1997	CHECK	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	-	(277,500)	(5,000)	-	-
1/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(285,000)	(7,500)	-	-
2/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(292,500)	(7,500)	-	-
3/2/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(300,000)	(7,500)	-	-
4/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(307,500)	(7,500)	-	-
5/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(315,000)	(7,500)	-	-
6/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(322,500)	(7,500)	-	-
7/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(330,000)	(7,500)	-	-
8/3/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(337,500)	(7,500)	-	-
9/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(345,000)	(7,500)	-	-
10/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(352,500)	(7,500)	-	-
11/2/1998 12/1/1998	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(360,000)	(7,500)	-	-
1/4/1998		(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(367,500)	(7,500)	-	-
2/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(375,000)	(7,500)	-	-
3/1/1999	CHECK CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(382,500)	(7,500)	-	-
3/1/1999 4/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(390,000) (397,500)	(7,500) (7,500)	-	-
4/1/1999 5/3/1999	CHECK	(7,500) (7,500)	-	(7,500) (7,500)	-	-	(405,000)	(7,500)	-	-
6/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(403,000)	(7,500)	-	-
0/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(412,300)	(7,500)	-	-

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
7/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)		(7,500)	-	_	(420,000)	(7,500)	_	-
8/2/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(427,500)	(7,500)	-	-
9/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(435,000)	(7,500)		-
10/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(442,500)	(7,500)	-	-
11/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)			(450,000)	(7,500)	-	-
12/1/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(457,500)	-	-	-
12/16/1999	STOP PAYMENT	7,500	-	7,500	-	-	(450,000)	-		-
12/17/1999	CHECK	(7,500)	-	(7,500)	-	-	(457,500)	(7,500)	-	-
1/3/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(467,500)	(10,000)		-
2/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(477,500)	(10,000)	-	-
3/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(487,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/3/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(497,500)	(10,000)	-	-
5/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(507,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(517,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/3/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(527,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(537,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(547,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/2/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(557,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(567,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/1/2000	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(577,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/2/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(587,500)	(10,000)	-	-
2/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(597,500)	(10,000)	-	-
3/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(607,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/2/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(617,500)	(10,000)	-	-
5/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(627,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(637,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/2/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(647,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(657,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/4/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(667,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(677,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(687,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/3/2001	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(697,500)	(10,000)	-	-
1/2/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(707,500)	(10,000)	-	-
2/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(717,500)	(10,000)	-	-
3/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(727,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(737,500)	(10,000)	-	-
4/4/2002	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(787,500)	(50,000)	-	-
5/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(797,500)	(10,000)	-	-
6/3/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(807,500)	(10,000)	-	-
7/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(817,500)	(10,000)	-	-
8/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(827,500)	(10,000)	-	-
9/3/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(837,500)	(10,000)	-	-
10/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(847,500)	(10,000)	-	-
11/1/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(857,500)	(10,000)	-	-

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH030 (FORMERLY 103066) RESIDE SIGNER CITRON ATTN STANLEY SHAPIRO

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
12/2/2002	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(867,500)	(10,000)	-	-
12/16/2002	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(967,500)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
4/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(977,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
4/15/2003	CHECK WIRE	(1,250,000)	-	(1,250,000)	-	-	(2,227,500)	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)	-
4/24/2003	TRANS TO 1SH17130 (1SH171)	(2,495,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	(2,227,500)	-	-	-
5/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,237,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
6/2/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,247,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
7/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,257,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
8/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,267,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
9/2/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,277,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
10/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,287,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
11/3/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,297,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
12/1/2003	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,307,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
1/2/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,317,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
2/2/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,327,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
3/1/2004	CHECK	(10,000)	-	(10,000)	-	-	(2,337,500)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
7/21/2004	CHECK WIRE	(700,000)	-	(700,000)	-	-	(3,037,500)	(700,000)	(700,000)	
11/18/2004	TRANS TO 1SH17130 (1SH171)	(200,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	(3,037,500)	-	-	-
2/1/2005	TRANS TO 1SH17130 (1SH171)	(300,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	(3,037,500)	-		-
12/1/2005	TRANS TO 1SH17130 (1SH171)	(1,700,600) [2]	-	-	-	-	(3,037,500)	-	-	-
		Total:	\$-	\$ (3,037,500)	\$-	\$-	\$ (3,037,500)	\$ (3,037,500)	\$ (2,170,000)	\$ -

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

BLMIS ACCOUNT NO. 1SH079 - S & R S VESCHONT 28 STANLEY SHAPIRO

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Colur	nn 4	Column 5	Colu	ımn 6	Column	7	Colun	ın 8	Column 9		С	olumn 10		Col	umn 11
Date	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cas <u>Depo</u>		Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>		fers of ipal In	Transfers <u>Principal (</u>		Balaı of <u>Princ</u> i		The <u>Transfers</u>			he 6-Year <u>`ransfers</u>			2-Year ansfers
9/26/2007	TRANS TO 1SH01430 (1SH014)	(1,575,000) [1	1	-	-		-		-		-		-			-		-
9/26/2007	TRANS FROM 1SH01430 (1SH014)	14,734,119 [2	1	-	-		-		-		-		-			-		-
		Total:	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		-	\$	-

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

### 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B вылиз ассоилт но. Вод 72-7 воб 128 ситгон

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction <u>Description</u>	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
4/24/2003	TRANS FROM 1SH03030 (1SH030)	2,495,000 [1	ı _	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4/8/2004	CHECK	(57,651)	-	(57,651)	-	-	(57,651)	(57,651)	(57,651)	-
4/30/2004	CHECK WIRE	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(307,651)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
6/24/2004	CHECK	1,000,000	1,000,000	-	-	-	692,349	-	-	-
7/7/2004	CHECK	(84,192)	-	(84,192)	-	-	608,157	(84,192)	(84,192)	-
7/21/2004	CHECK WIRE	(600,000)	-	(600,000)	-	-	8,157	(600,000)	(600,000)	-
10/7/2004	CHECK	(78,782)	-	(78,782)	-	-	(70,625)	(78,782)	(78,782)	-
11/18/2004	TRANS FROM 1SH03030 (1SH030)	200,000 [1	<sup>1</sup> -	-	-	-	(70,625)		-	-
11/24/2004	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(170,625)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-
1/7/2005	CHECK	(59,516)	-	(59,516)	-	-	(230,141)	(59,516)	(59,516)	-
1/18/2005	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(430,141)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
2/1/2005	TRANS FROM 1SH03030 (1SH030)	300,000 [1	<sup>]</sup> -	-	-	-	(430,141)	-	-	-
4/5/2005	CHECK WIRE	(300,000)	-	(300,000)	-	-	(730,141)	(300,000)	(300,000)	-
4/7/2005	CHECK	(60,183)	-	(60,183)	-	-	(790,324)	(60,183)	(60,183)	-
7/7/2005	CHECK	(61,896)	-	(61,896)	-	-	(852,220)	-	-	-
7/26/2005	STOP PAYMENT	61,896	-	61,896	-	-	(790,324)	-	-	-
7/27/2005	CHECK	(61,896)	-	(61,896)	-	-	(852,220)	(61,896)	(61,896)	-
10/7/2005	CHECK	(56,152)	-	(56,152)	-	-	(908,372)	(56,152)	(56,152)	-
11/9/2005	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(958,372)	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
12/1/2005	TRANS FROM 1SH03030 (1SH030)	1,700,600 [1	- 1	-	-	-	(958,372)	-	-	-
12/13/2005	CHECK WIRE	(1,500,000)	-	(1,500,000)	-	-	(2,458,372)	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	-
1/9/2006	CHECK	(91,649)	-	(91,649)	-	-	(2,550,021)	(91,649)	(91,649)	-
4/7/2006	CHECK	(73,679)	-	(73,679)	-	-	(2,623,700)	(73,679)	(73,679)	-
7/10/2006	CHECK	(80,822)	-	(80,822)	-	-	(2,704,523)	(80,822)	(80,822)	-
10/6/2006	CHECK	(144,671)	-	(144,671)	-	-	(2,849,194)	(144,671)	(144,671)	-
1/8/2007	CHECK	(76,940)	-	(76,940)	-	-	(2,926,134)	(76,940)	(76,940)	(76,940)
4/4/2007	CHECK	(67,220)	-	(67,220)	-	-	(2,993,353)	(67,220)	(67,220)	(67,220)
7/6/2007	CHECK	(87,737)	-	(87,737)	-	-	(3,081,090)	(87,737)	(87,737)	(87,737)
10/4/2007	CHECK	(92,144)	-	(92,144)	-	-	(3,173,234)	(92,144)	(92,144)	(92,144)
1/8/2008	CHECK	(72,056)	-	(72,056)	-	-	(3,245,291)	(72,056)	(72,056)	(72,056)
4/7/2008	CHECK	(35,831)	-	(35,831)	-	-	(3,281,121)	(35,831)	(35,831)	(35,831)
6/2/2008	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(3,381,121)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
10/6/2008	CHECK	(46,376)	-	(46,376)	-	-	(3,427,497)	(46,376)	(46,376)	(46,376)
10/16/2008	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(3,527,497)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
		Total:	\$ 1,000,000	\$ (4,527,497)	<b>\$</b> -	\$ -	\$ (3,527,497)	\$ (4,527,497)	\$ (4,527,497)	\$ (678,304)

<sup>[1]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

## 10-05383-smb Doc 33-2 Filed 07/08/14 Entered 07/08/14 16:51:47 Exhibit B вlmis account no. 1sh172 - s & r invegn2810f128 c/o stanley shapiro

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5	Column 6	Column 7	Column 8	Column 9	Column 10	Column 11
<u>Date</u>	Transaction Description	Transaction Amount Reported in <u>Customer Statement</u>	Cash <u>Deposits</u>	Cash <u>Withdrawals</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal In</u>	Transfers of <u>Principal Out</u>	Balance of <u>Principal</u>	The <u>Transfers</u>	The 6-Year <u>Transfers</u>	The 2-Year <u>Transfers</u>
4/24/2003	TRANS FROM 1SH01430 (1SH014)	5,625,000 [1]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8/25/2003	TRANS TO 1S030630 (1S0306)	(510,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11/10/2003	CHECK	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	-
4/5/2004	CHECK	(50,000)	-	(50,000)	-	-	(200,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)	-
12/1/2005	TRANS FROM 1SH01430 (1SH014)	4,247,000 [1]	_	-	-	-	(200,000)	-	-	-
12/13/2005	CHECK WIRE	(4,100,000)	-	(4,100,000)	-	-	(4,300,000)	(4,100,000)	(4,100,000)	-
3/7/2006	CHECK	(250,000)	-	(250,000)	-	-	(4,550,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-
6/16/2006	CHECK WIRE	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(4,700,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	-
10/4/2006	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(4,900,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
2/27/2007	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(5,100,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
8/9/2007	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(5,300,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
9/11/2007	TRANS TO 1S054030 (1S0540)	(100,000) [2]	-	-	-	-	(5,300,000)			-
11/6/2007	CHECK WIRE	(300,000)	-	(300,000)	-	-	(5,600,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)
1/8/2008	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(5,700,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
2/5/2008	CHECK	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	-	-	(5,800,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)
2/25/2008	CHECK WIRE	(350,000)	-	(350,000)	-	-	(6,150,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)
5/1/2008	TRANS FROM 1SH01430 (1SH014)	10,000,000 [1]	_	-	-	-	(6,150,000)	-	-	-
5/2/2008	CHECK WIRE	(3,000,000)	-	(3,000,000)	-	-	(9,150,000)	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
7/1/2008	TRANS FROM 1SH01430 (1SH014)	3,000,000 [1]	-	-	-	-	(9,150,000)	-	-	-
7/15/2008	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(9,350,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
8/20/2008	CHECK	(40,000)	-	(40,000)	-	-	(9,390,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)
9/2/2008	CHECK WIRE	(150,000)	-	(150,000)	-	-	(9,540,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(150,000)
9/23/2008	CHECK WIRE	(300,000)	-	(300,000)	-	-	(9,840,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)
10/1/2008	TRANS TO 1S030630 (1S0306)	(3,000,000) [2]	_	-	-	-	(9,840,000)	-	-	-
11/3/2008	CHECK	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(10,040,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
12/4/2008	CHECK WIRE	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	-	-	(10,240,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
		Total:	\$ -	\$ (10,240,000)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (10,240,000)	\$ (10,240,000)	\$ (10,240,000)	\$ (5,340,000)

[1] Although BLMIS Customer statements reflect that funds were transferred into this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred into the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.

<sup>[2]</sup> Although BLMIS Customer Statements reflect that funds were transferred out of this account on this date, these funds consisted entirely of fictitious profits which were never achieved and thus no funds were actually transferred out of the account on this date. Accordingly, the account balance has remained unchanged.